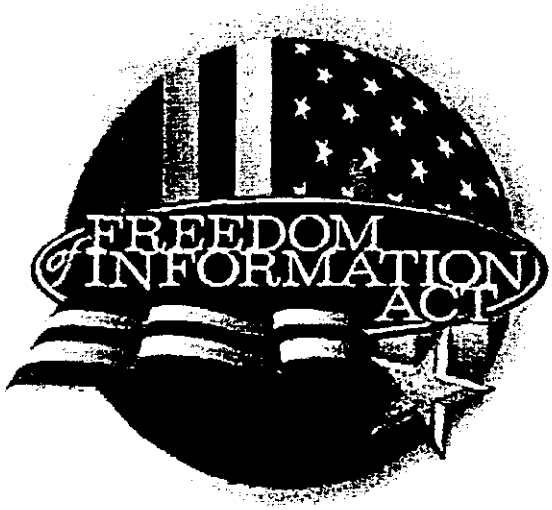


FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MALCOLM X LITTLE

PART 13 OF 24

BUFILE: 100-399321

FILE DESCRIPTION

BUREAU FILE

SUBJECT MALCOLM X LITTLE

FILE NO. 100-399321

Section 13

Serials 175-213

182 pages

SECRET

1 - [redacted]
b7C 1 - [redacted]
1 - [redacted]

[redacted]S

November 16, 1964

#14293

RE: MALCOLM K. LITTLE

[redacted]

b1

(S)

[redacted]

(S)

(S)

[redacted]

100-399321

1 - London

NOTE:

All information contained in referenced memorandum is public knowledge or could be obtained from public sources. Little has been traveling abroad, mainly in Africa, since the early part of the Summer of 1964.

MAILED FROM DIVISION FIVE
NOV 13 1964

12/15/83
Classified by 8269 JHELWEB/dd
Declassify on: OADR

REC 7
EX-101 100-399321-175

1 - Foreign Liaison Unit

17 NOV 17 1964

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
DeLoach
Casper
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Conrad
Evans
Gale
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Tele. Room
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66 NOV 22

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

1504

b7C [redacted]

SECRET

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4-750 (2-7-79)

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100-399321-176,177

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X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
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FBI/DOJ

4-750 (2-7-79)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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☐ Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) _____ _____, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

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_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

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☐ For your information: _____

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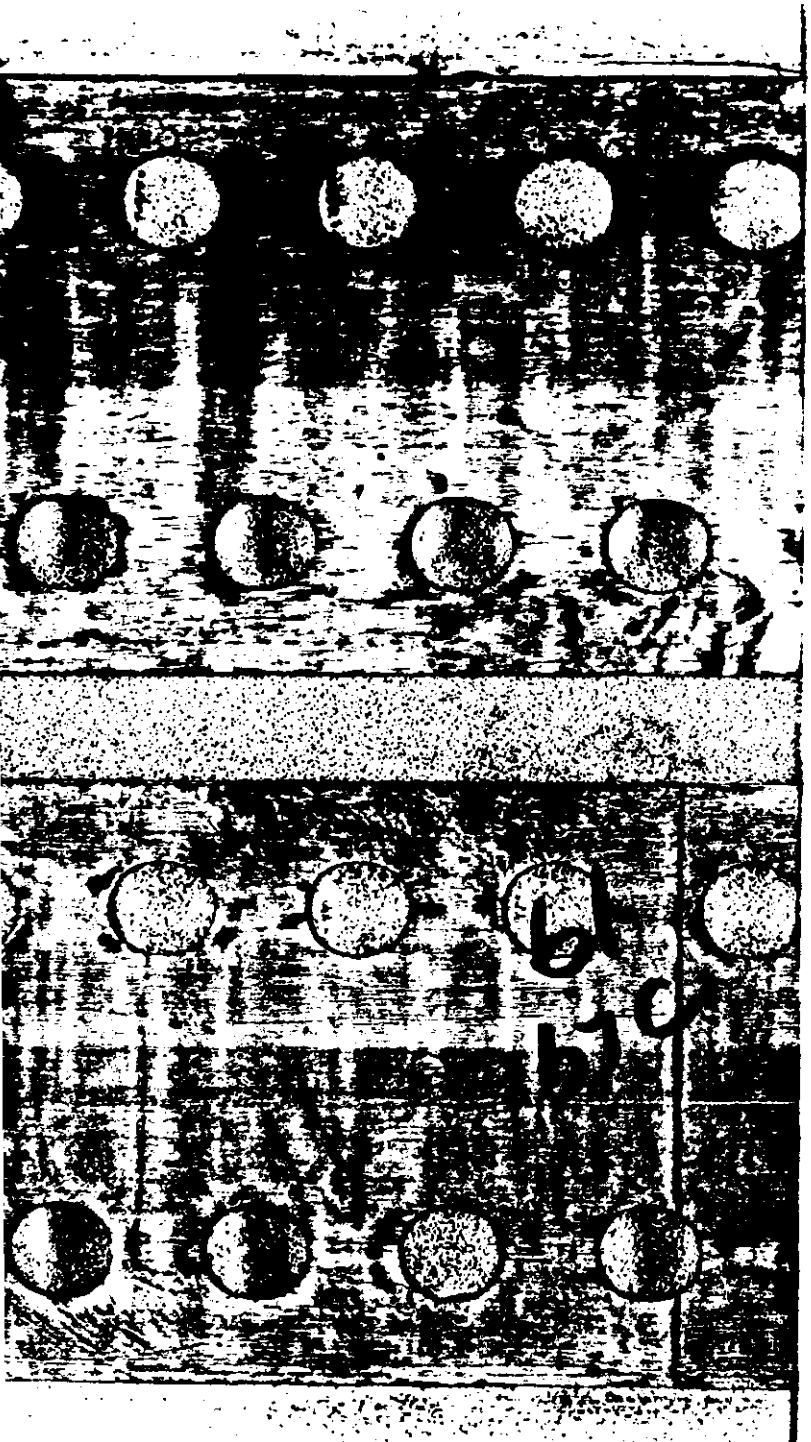
☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

100-399321-178

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FBI/DOJ



4-22 (Rev. 1-22-60)

F... Bureau of Investigation
...ords Branch

SECRET

_____, 19___

- ☐ Name Searching Unit - Room 6527
- ☐ Service Unit - Room 6524
- ☐ Forward to [redacted]
- ☐ Attention [redacted]
- ☐ Return to [redacted]

Supervisor Room Ext.

Type of References Requested:

- ☐ Regular Request (Analytical Search)
- ☑ All References (Subversive & Nonsubversive)
- ☐ Subversive References Only
- ☐ Nonsubversive References Only
- ☐ Main _____ References Only

Type of Search Requested:

- ☐ Restricted to Locality of _____
- ☐ Exact Name Only (On the Nose)
- ☐ Buildup ☐ Variations

Subject [redacted]
Birthdate & Place _____
Address _____

Localities _____

R# _____ Date 11-19 Searcher Initials [redacted]

Prod. _____

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12/15/83
Classified by 8269 THE/tweed
Declassify on: OADR

SECRET

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 11/12/64

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL (Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442235)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-153308)

SUBJECT: ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY
IS-MISC.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are eight copies of an LHM concerning plans of the OAAU and its leader, MALCOLM X, to have the UN condemn the USA for its racial policies with the aid of unidentified Africans.

[redacted] having an adverse effect on the national defense interests.

Although no definite actions in this regard by MALCOLM X or the OAAU are known, this information is being submitted at this time in view of the impending opening of UN in NYC.

100-20792
NOT RECORDED
47 NOV 19 1964

The NYO will continue to follow this matter closely and any relevant information concerning this will be promptly furnished in form suitable for dissemination.

(3) Bureau (ENCLS. [redacted])
1- New York (100-S999)(MALCOLM X)(43)
1- New York (100-152759)(MMI)(43)
1- New York

[redacted] mmd
(7)

ENCLOSURE

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI; SEC. SER.; DEPT: ISD, CRD, [redacted]
DATE FOR [redacted] 11/16/64
HOW FOR [redacted] S
BY [redacted]

Please 1 cc and encl in 105-399321 file

NOV 25 1964

Approved: NOV 20 1964 Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

1 cc Airtel - 1 xerox LHM 80 BKS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12/15/83 BY 826 [illegible]

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN

CONFIDENTIAL

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

New York, New York
November 12, 1964

Organization of Afro-American Unity
Internal Security - Miscellaneous

Characterizations of the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI), Nation of Islam (NOI) and NOI Mosque Number 7, New York City, are attached hereto and all sources therein have furnished reliable information in the past

b7D [redacted] advised that Malcolm X Little, founder and leader of the OAAU and the MMI, is expected to return to the United States from an extended African visit in mid-November, 1964.

As soon as Malcolm X returns, [redacted] he and the OAAU will work to have the United Nations session, which is due to open in the near future condemn the United States for its treatment of the American Negro. The OAAU hopes to be aided in this endeavor by unidentified friends from Africa who were developed by Malcolm X during his current African tour.

b7D [redacted] in July, 1964 when Malcolm X started his current African tour, he attended the Cairo meeting of the Organization of African Unity held by various heads of African states. While at this meeting

Delete $ 11/7/74 Appropriate offices & agencies notified by ltr 8/30/74 DOJ/RL

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

[redacted]
Declassification

CONFIDENTIAL ENCLOSURE

100-397321-

[redacted]

Organization of Afro-American Unity

Malcolm X lobbied to get these heads of states to pass a resolution condemning racial discrimination in America, which resolution was passed.

b7D [redacted] volume 1, number 7, dated November 9, 1964, of the official OAAU publication, the "OAAU Blacklash." Page 3 of this mimeographed paper contained an article captioned "Racist America Blasted By Africa," which read as follows:

"The following resolution was passed at the Cairo African Summit Conference in July, 1964. Brother Malcolm X attended the conference and urged the passing of this resolution.

"RACIAL DISCRIMINATION IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

"The Assembly of Heads of State and Government meeting in its First Ordinary Session in Cairo, U.A.R., from 12 to 21 July 1964:

"Recalling Resolution 1904 (XVIII) of the General Assembly of the United Nations adopted on 20 November 1963: The Declaration of the Elimination of all Forms of Racial Discrimination.

"Recalling other Resolutions of the General Assembly and Specialized Agencies of the United Nations calling for the elimination of all forms of racial discrimination.

"Taking into account the Resolution adopted at the Conference of Heads of State and Government in Addis Ababa in May 1963 condemning racial discrimination in all its forms in Africa and in all parts of the world.

"Considering that one hundred years have passed since the Emancipation Proclamation was signed in the United States of America.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Organization of Afro-American Unity

"Noting with satisfaction the recent enactment of the Civil Rights Act designed to secure for American Negroes their basic human rights.

"Deeply disturbed, however, by continuing manifestations of racial bigotry and racial oppression against Negro citizens of the United States of America.

"1. Reaffirms its belief that the existence of discriminatory practices is a matter of deep concern to Member States of the Organization of African Unity;

"2. Urges the Government authorities in the United States of America to intensify their efforts to ensure the total elimination of all forms of discrimination based on race, colour, or ethnic origin."

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1. APPENDIX

MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED

The March 13, 1964, edition of "The New York Times," a daily newspaper published in New York, New York, contained an article on page 20 which indicated that MALCOLM X (LITTLE), former national official of the Nation of Islam (NOI) and Minister of NOI Mosque #7, New York, who broke with the NOI on March 8, 1964, publicly announced in New York City on March 12, 1964, that he had formed the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI). The MMI, according to the article, would be a broadly based politically oriented black nationalist movement for Negroes only, financed by voluntary contributions. In this public statement MALCOLM X urged Negroes to abandon the doctrine of non-violence when it is necessary to defend themselves in the civil rights struggle, and he also suggested that Negroes form rifle clubs to protect their lives and property in times of emergencies in areas where the government is unable or unwilling to protect them.

Incorporation papers of the MMI filed on March 16, 1964, with the Business Section, Clerk of Courts, New York County, New York, New York, reflect that the MMI was incorporated under the Religious Corporation Law of the State of New York to work for the imparting of the Islamic Faith and Islamic Religion in accordance with "accepted Islamic principals." The principal place of worship to be located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York, New York.

During an appearance over KYW - Television, Cleveland, Ohio, on April 7, 1964, MALCOLM X stated that the MMI does not stand for integration, but for complete freedom, justice, and equality for Negroes. He stated that Islam was the religious philosophy of the MMI, while the political, economic and social philosophy was black nationalism.

On May 15, 1964, a confidential source advised that the headquarters of the MMI are located in Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 Seventh Avenue, New York City, where they were established on March 16, 1964.

1. APPENDIX

NATION OF ISLAM, formerly referred to as the Muslim Cult of Islam, also known as Muhammad's Temples of Islam

In January, 1957, a source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD has described his organization on a nationwide basis as the "Nation of Islam," (NOI) and "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

On May 8, 1964, a second source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD is the national leader of the NOI; Muhammad's Temple of Islam No. 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, is the national headquarters of the NOI; and in mid-1960, MUHAMMAD and other NOI officials, when referring to MUHAMMAD'S organization on a nationwide basis, commenced using either "Mosque" or "Temple" when mentioning one of Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

The NOI is an all-Negro organization which was originally organized in 1930 in Detroit, Michigan. MUHAMMAD claims to have been selected by Allah, the Supreme Being, to lead the so-called Negro race out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation in the United States. Members following MUHAMMAD'S teachings and his interpretation of the "Koran" believe there is no such thing as a Negro; that the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "white devils," in the United States; and that the white race, because of its exploitation of the so-called Negroes, must and will be destroyed in the approaching "War of Armageddon."

In the past, officials and members of the NOI, including MUHAMMAD, have refused to register under the provisions of the Selective Service Acts and have declared that members owe no allegiance to the United States.

On May 5, 1958, the first source advised MUHAMMAD had, upon advice of legal counsel, tempered his personal statements and instructions to his ministers concerning the principles of his organization in order to avoid possible prosecution by the United States Government; however, he did not indicate any fundamental changes in the teachings of his organization.

Organization of Afro-American Unity

2. APPENDIX

NATION OF ISLAM, formerly referred to as the Muslim Cult of Islam, also known as Muhammad's Temples of Islam

On May 7, 1964, a third source advised Muhammad had, early in July, 1958, decided to de-emphasize the religious aspects of the teachings of Islam and to stress the economic benefits to be derived by those Negroes who joined the NOI. This policy change, according to MUHAMMAD, would help him acquire additional followers and create more interest in his programs.

1. APPENDIX

NATION OF ISLAM, MOSQUE #7,
NEW YORK CITY

On May 5, 1964, a source advised that the Nation of Islam (NOI) affiliate in New York City is known as Mosque #7, also known as Temple #7, and is located at 102 West 116th Street, New York City. Mosque #7 is part of the NOI headed by ELIJAH MUHAMMAD, with headquarters in Chicago, Illinois. Mosque #7 has two branches; Mosque #7B at 105-03 Northern Boulevard, Queens, New York City, and Mosque #7C at 120 Madison Street, Brooklyn, New York. These branches are part of Mosque #7.

The date Mosque #7 originated in New York City is not known.

However, in connection with the origin of Mosque #7, it should be noted that in 1953 a second source advised that there was a Temple of the NOI (known to source then as the Muslim Cult of Islam) in New York City located at 135th Street and 7th Avenue, as far back as 1947.

Organization of Afro-American Unity

1. APPENDIX

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY (OAAU)

On June 28, 1964, MALCOLM X LITTLE, founder and leader of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with himself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic OAAU aims read by MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" people of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as well as "our" brothers and sisters on the African continent. It is patterned after the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May, 1963.

A recording of the remarks of MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the OAAU is to eliminate differences between Negroes so they can work together for "human rights," while the initial objective is to "internationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Nations. LITTLE condemned the non-violent civil rights movement and claims that Negroes should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The OAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes of education, politics, culture, economics and social reform.

On August 19, 1964, a confidential source advised that the headquarters of the OAAU are located in MMI headquarters, Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 7th Avenue, New York City.

4-750 (2-7-79)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
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FBI/DOJ

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 11/20/64

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

UC 5 pm gmt

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (100-33953)

SUBJECT: MALCOLM X LITTLE
IS - MMI

CONFIDENTIAL

(OO: New York)

[redacted] provided the following information [redacted] has furnished reliable information in the past.

[redacted]

New York advise Chicago and the Bureau if it has learned MALCOLM will be in Chicago as set forth above.

Chicago will keep Bureau and New York appropriately advised of pertinent developments in this regard.

APPROPRIATE FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF 5-16-77 DATE

ca 808

100-399321-180

REC-102

3 - Bureau (RM)
2 - New York (105-8999)(RM)
3 - Chicago
(1 - 100-6989)(ELIJAH MUHAMMAD)
[redacted]

9 NOV 25 1964

[redacted] mhh
(8)

CONFIDENTIAL

C. C. Wick

Classified by [redacted]
Exempt from GDS Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite

5-13-77

DECLASSIFIED BY 8269 THE/WEB/dd
ON 12/16/98

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

69 NOV 30 1964

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-58)

FBI

Date: 11/13/64

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via _____ (Priority or Method of Mailing)

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321)

SAC, CHICAGO (100-[redacted])

SUBJECT: MALCOLM X LITTLE
IS - MMI
(OO: New York)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12/15/83 BY 8269 THELWEED/dd

Enclosed for the Bureau are seven copies of a [redacted] memorandum [redacted] information regarding [redacted]. Four copies are enclosed for New York.

[redacted]

(declassified by 3/29/76 JDP:rlb)

The enclosed LHM is classified secret in order to [redacted] information could reasonably result in its identification and compromise future effectiveness thereof.

ENCLOSURE

NY; CG; STATE, CIA, CO, TSD, HSSS, NIS, OSI, ACSI; notified of declassification via T/S 3/29/76. JDP:rlb

100-399321-181

[redacted]

21 NOV 19 1964

AGENCY State CIA (2) OSI
REQ. REC'D 0 NI 6 3 I, NCS Thomas
DATE FORW. 11-23-64
HOW FORW. KLS

[redacted]

SURVEILLANCE LOG

NOV 23 1964

66 DEC 3 1964

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 100-399321-181

Any additional information developed regarding the subject matter of LHM will be promptly provided the Bureau and New York.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Chicago, Illinois
November 18, 1964

~~SECRET~~

MALCOLM X LITTLE

[redacted]

DJC

[redacted]

DJC

[redacted]

DJC

DECLASSIFIED BY 3101 ON 3/29/76 JDP:rsb

~~SECRET~~
~~Group~~
Excluded from ~~automatic downgrading~~ and declassification

XEROX
NOV 30 1964

ENCLOSURE 10/1

b7C

[redacted]

b7C,D

[redacted]

The FOI, NOI, Malcolm X Little, Muslim Mosque, Incorporated, and the Organization of Afro-American Unity are described in the latter pages of this communication.

APPENDIX

FRUIT OF ISLAM

On May 8, 1964, a source advised that the Fruit of Islam (FOI) is a group within the Nation of Islam (NOI) composed of male members of the NOI. The purpose of the FOI is to protect officials and property of the NOI, assure compliance of members with NOI teachings, and to prepare for the "War of Armageddon." Members of the FOI are required to participate in military drill and are afforded the opportunity to engage in judo training. The FOI is governed by a military system wherein the members are controlled by general orders similar to those issued by regular military organizations.

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[redacted]

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Chicago, Illinois

November 18, 1964

Title MALCOLM X LITTLE

Character

Reference is made to the memorandum dated and captioned as above at Chicago, Illinois.

b7D [redacted]

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

68 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 11/24/64

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (25-330971) ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (100-35635)

SUBJECT: NATION OF ISLAM
IS-NOI

OO: CHICAGO

b7D [redacted] provided the following which is being furnished for the information of the Bureau, New York and Phoenix. Offices receiving this information should be alert for pertinent data in its regard and appropriately advise the Bureau and interested offices. Chicago will do likewise. This information has not been put in Letterhead Memorandum form as it is felt such information is premature and indefinite at this time.

AGENCIES
FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED
SLIP (S)
DATE 12/21/83 dicluss ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECLASSIFIED BY 8269 JHE/WEC/dd
ON 12/16/83

APPROPRIATE
FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED (NOT) BY ROUTING SLIP (OFFICE) DK
DATE 5/16/22

5 - Bureau (RM)
(1-100-399321) (MALCOLM X)
(1-100-441765) (MMI)
4 - New York (105-7309) (RM)
(1-105-8999) (MALCOLM X)
(1-100-152758) (MMI)
1 - Phoenix (105-93) (RM) (Info)
5 - Chicago
(1-100-6988) (ELIJAH MUHAMMAD)
b7C [redacted]
(1-100-41040) (MMI)
[redacted]:ptc
(15)

1 100-399321-
NOT RECORDED
168 DEC 2 1964

Classified by 6953 DMH/dd
Exempt from GDS Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite
5-13-77

CARBON COPY

68 DEC 4 1964

Approved _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

ORIGINAL FILED IN 25-330971-7107

4-750 (2-7-79)

XXXXXX
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XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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FBI/DOJ

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321) DATE: 11/25/64

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (105-8999)

SUBJECT: MALCOLM X. LITTLE aka
IS-MMI

b7D [redacted]

that a reception will be held on Sunday, 11/29/64 for MALCOLM X. who has recently returned from an eight week trip through Africa. The reception will be held at the Audobon Bar Room at 156th and Broadway, NYC from 7 to 11:00 p.m. sponsored by the organization of Afro-American Unity.

b7C [redacted]

2- Bureau (100-399321) (RM)
1- New York (100-41040) (MMI)
1- New York (100-15338) (OAAU)
1- New York (105-8999)

JCS:mmh
(5)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/15/83 BY 8219JTHE/WEB/dd

REC-9 100-399321-182

4 NOV 30 1964

b7C [redacted]

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 11/25/64

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (105-8999)

SUBJECT: MALCOLM K. LITTLE aka
IS-MMI

ReNYtel to Bureau dated 11/24/64 captioned, "MALCOLM X LITTLE aka, IS-MMI."

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau, Chicago and Philadelphia offices are six(6), two (2) and one (1) copies respectively of a LHM pertaining to MALCOLM X's return to the United States and a press conference held by him on 11/24/64.

[redacted] in the enclosed LHM was [redacted] furnished the information to SA [redacted]

Information furnished [redacted] was furnished to SA [redacted]

SAs [redacted] attended MALCOLM X's press conference [redacted]

6 ENCLOSURE

3- Bureau (Encls. 6) (RM)
2- Chicago (Encls. 2) (RM)
(1 - 100-6989) (ELIJAH MOHAMMED)
(1 - 100-41040) (MMI)
1- Philadelphia (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
(100-47471) (MMI)
1- New York

REC- 40 100-399321-183

25 NOV 30 1964

[redacted] etm
(8)

Copy to Yonkers State C A SS
by routing slip for [redacted]
☒ Info ☐ action
date 11 27 64
by [redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12/15/83 BY SP4 J THE LEWIS

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

DEC 3 1964

NY 105-8999

The enclosed LHM is classified Confidential because the information set forth therein [redacted] could reasonably result in [redacted] compromise future effectiveness.

b7D

CONFIDENTIAL

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
New York, New York
November 25, 1964

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Malcolm K. Little
Internal Security-Muslim Mosque, Incorporated

b7D [redacted] that passenger list manifest of TWA Flight 801, from Paris, France, contained the name "Shabazz." This flight was scheduled to arrive at John F. Kennedy International Airport, New York at 6:00 p.m., November 24, 1964.

b7D [redacted] that Malcolm X will arrive at John F. Kennedy (JFK) International Airport at 6:00 p.m. on the same date. This source also advised that Muslim Mosque Incorporated (MMI) members are in charge of security for Malcolm X when he arrives at JFK International Airport, and approximately fifteen to twenty MMI members are expected to guard Malcolm X upon his arrival. The Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU) plans to have about twenty of its members out at the JFK International Airport to greet Malcolm X with "Welcome home" signs.

b7D [redacted] upon his arrival at the airport, Malcolm X plans to hold a brief press conference and then go directly to his home and family at 23-11 97th Street, East Elmhurst Queens, New York. The MMI and the OAAU plan on activities to honor Malcolm X on his return home for that evening.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF DAG-DAC DATE 5/16-77

[redacted]

declassified by 6855 DMH/laf 5-13-77

ENCLOSURE
100-39932/-183

[redacted]

Malcolm K. Little

Malcolm X arrived at JFK International Airport on TWA Flight 801, at 6:41 p.m., on November 24, 1964. He was greeted by approximately sixty persons at the airport some of whom carried identical signs stating "Welcome Back Brother Malcolm." After greeting his family and well wishers, he held a press conference.

Malcolm X stated that he had been gone for eighteen weeks having left the United States on July 9, 1964. He said he traveled to many countries in Africa traveling as a religious leader through Moslem countries and as Malcolm X in non-moslem countries. He said he returned by way of Geneva and Paris to New York.

He said the objective of his trip was to get a better understanding of the Africans' problems and to tell them of the problems of the twenty two million Negroes in the United States. Malcolm X stated all African countries met him with "open minds, open hearts and open doors." According to Malcolm he met with some Presidents and Ambassadors of African countries and they listened to what he had to say about the Negro problems in the United States. He said the only solution for the Afro-Negro in the United States is to bring our case before the United Nations. He said it will be difficult for African nations to shy away from taking some kind of action against the United States if the United States is brought before the United Nations on charges of violation of the Negroes human rights, since the African Countries themselves have appealed to the United Nations in the past for aid and assistance in gaining their independence.

Malcolm X said "we are advocates of what ever it takes to solve our problems. "I'm for anything that gets results and believe in the right to do anything that gets results."

He said he would be willing to meet with any group white or black if they are willing and are honestly sincere in trying to find the problem and present a solution to the racial problem. He said the lack of education for the whites as well

[redacted]

as the black is one of the causes for the social problem in the United States. He said education will replace deficiency in the Negro and deficiency in the white person. Negro leaders have to accept the fact that there are problems between the white and black people and they must be sincere in trying to obtain a solution to their problems.

When asked about a statement he made in the past calling Elijah Muhammad a "religious faker," Malcolm remarked "no comment," but then said he would "seek a spirit and atmosphere of unity" with him.

Asked to comment on the recent Presidential election in the United States, Malcolm X said that the election turned out as he predicted. He said President Johnson now has control of Congress and the Senate and will not have any excuse for not passing good civil rights laws. He said that the fact that President Johnson got such a large number of votes he may believe that everyone is with him and get a little reckless.

Malcolm X then remarked that it must be remembered that (Senator) Goldwater received twenty six million votes "which means that twenty six million people bought what Goldwater had to sell".

Asked to comment on the recent killings in the Congo of Americans, Malcolm X said that it must be remembered that Patrice Lumumba was murdered by Moise Tshombe who is now Premier of the Congo and he is supported by President Johnson. President Johnson is responsible for what happens in the Congo. Malcolm X went on to say that the "Congolese have been killed year after year after year, and what ever the United States gets in the Congo, she is getting what she asked for; the Congo killings is like the chickens coming home to roost."

Malcolm K. Little

Malcolm X was asked to comment on Mr. Hoover's recent criticism of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Malcolm X stated that "you can't blame the Federal Bureau of Investigation or Mr. Hoover for the action or lack of action in the South for Mr. Hoover has a boss, the Attorney General, and he in turn has a boss, the President. So, the blame has to be placed upon the President and the United States Government."

Asked what is the name of his organization, Malcolm X said it is the "Organization Of Afro-American Unity of which I am the chairman."

"The New York Times," a local daily New York newspaper dated November 25, 1964, page seventeen, contained an article captioned "Malcolm X, Back In the United States, Accuses Johnson On Congo." This article states:

> "Malcolm X returned here by plane last night from an 18-week tour of Africa and Europe and declared that the killing of white hostages in Stanleyville by Congolese rebels was the responsibility of President Johnson because of his financial support of 'Moise Tshombe's hired killers.'
>
> The Black Nationalist leader, who was met by about 30 of his followers, said that it was 'probably too bad that they (white hostages) had to die, but the Congolese have been dying a long time.'"

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

~~SECRET~~

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-121989) DATE: NOV 19 1964

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (105-62258)

SUBJECT: b7C [redacted]

ReBulet to NY 10/8/64, and NYlet and LHM dated 10/26/64.

b1 [redacted] (S)

b1 [redacted] (S)

b1 [redacted]

b7C [redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

Classified by 8262 SJM/MEG/dlb
Declassify on: OADR
12/15/83

ORIGINAL FILED IN

(2- Bureau
1- New York

REC-28

100-399321-

NOT RECORDED
46 DEC 4 1964

b7C [redacted] vtc
3)

re Malcolm Little

[redacted] SEC.

NAT.

5 DEC 7 1964

~~SECRET~~

[redacted] (S)

[redacted] (S)

[redacted] (S)

[redacted] (S)

Previous investigation of MALCOLM X shows that he was out of the US from 4/ 3/64 to 5/21/64, and from 7/9/64 to 11/15/64.

[redacted] (S)

NOT RECORDED
46 DEC 4 1964

4-750 (2-7-79)

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FBI/DOJ

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 24 1964

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

CODED TELETYPE

TELETYPE

FBI NEW YORK

10-49 PM URGENT 11-24-64 DAE

TO DIRECTOR -15- 100-399321

FROM NEW YORK 105-8999

MALCOLM X. LITTLE, AKA IS-MMI.

b7C [redacted]

I

b7D [redacted]

[redacted] SUBJ DUE TO RETURN TO US FROM AFRICAN TOUR AT SIX PM, ELEVEN TWENTY FOUR SIXTY FOUR.

SUBJ OBSERVED BY NYO AGENTS ARRIVING AT JFK INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT, NYC, AT SIX FORTY ONE PM, THIS DATE, ABOARD TWA FLIGHT EIGHT ZERO ONE FROM PARIS, FRANCE.

SUBJ MET BY APPROXIMATELY SIXTY OF HIS FOLLOWERS AND HELD BRIEF PRESS CONFERENCE AT AIRPORT.

b7D [redacted] ON HIS ARRIVAL SUBJ TO BE TAKEN DIRECTLY HOME AND NO ACTIVITY PLANNED BY MMI OR OSSN IN HIS HONOR ON THIS DATE.

b7C [redacted]

WELCOMING DEMONSTRATION AT AIRPORT WAS ORDERLY AND THERE WERE NO INCIDENTS.

LHM FOLLOWS.....

END

2- LLD b7C

FBI WASH DC

[redacted]

REC-55 100-399321-184

EX-114

1-STATE
1-USCG
1-MARSHALL
1-SECRET SERVICE
1-CIA
1-FBI

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12/15/83 BY 8269 JHE/WEB/dd

REC 55
100-399321-184

1 - Liaison
1 - [redacted]
1 - [redacted]
1 - [redacted]

Ex. 117

Date: November 25, 1964

To: Director
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: MALCOLM K. LITTLE
INTERNAL SECURITY - MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED

Reference is made to previous correspondence concerning travel abroad by the captioned individual.

It is noted that the captioned individual departed this country for travel abroad during July, 1964. For your additional information, Malcolm K. Little returned to New York, New York, on November 24, 1964.

1 - Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

1 - Mr. J. Walter Yeagley
Assistant Attorney General

1 - Mr. Burke Marshall
Assistant Attorney General

1 - Chief, U. S. Secret Service

1 - Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence
Department of the Army

Attention: Director of Security

1 - Director of Naval Intelligence

1 - Office of Special Investigations
Air Force

Attention: Chief, Counterintelligence Division

1 - London

1 - Foreign Liaison Unit

[redacted]cad (16)

BY COURIER SVC. 27 NOV 2 6 COMM-FBI

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Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
DeLoach
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

61 DEC 4 1964

SEE NOTE PAGE 2

Director
Central Intelligence Agency

NOTE:

Subject is on Security Index. He is former national official of Nation of Islam. In March, 1964, he formed Muslim Mosque, Incorporated, a broadly based black nationalist movement and in late June, 1964, formed a nonwhite civil rights action group called the "Organization of Afro-American Unity" with headquarters in New York City. During his stay abroad he has visited Egypt, Arabia and other African countries. En route to Africa in July he stopped over in England.

SENT BY CODED TELETYPE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
NOV 30 1964
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

FBI NEW YORK

346 PM URGENT 11-3064 JAM

TO DIRECTOR 100-399321 /4/

FROM NEW YORK 105-8999

MALCOLM K. LITTLE, AKA

IS-MMI

REBUW YORK TEL DATED NOVEMBER TWENTYSEVEN, SIXTYFOUR.

[redacted]

MALCOLM X AT RECEPTION IN HIS HONOR NOVEMBER, TWENTYNINE, SIXTYFOUR, NYC, STATED HE WILL GO TO LONDON AND WOULD DEBATE AT OXFORD UNIVERSITY, TWELVE, ONE, SIXTYFOUR. BUREAU REQUESTED TO ADVISE LEGAT TO COVER DEBATE.

END

W A LLD

FBI WASH DC

Cablegram to London rec'd 11-30-64

REC 61 100-399321-185

EX-114

5 DEC 1 1964

[redacted]

SUBV Cont.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12/15/83 BY 8269 JHE/WEB/dd

66 DEC 3 1964

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 24 1964

TELETYPE

SENT BY [illegible] TELETYPE

FBI NEW YORK

1149 AM URGENT 11-24-64 JAM

TO DIRECTOR /4/ /100-399321/

FROM NEW YORK /105-8999/ 1P

MALCOLM K. LITTLE, AKA, IS-MMI.

[redacted] ADVISED SUBJECT ARRIVING SIX PM THIS DATE, KENNEDY AIRPORT, TWA FLIGHT EIGHT ZERO ONE. ARRIVAL WILL BE COVERED BY AGENTS [redacted] BUREAU WILL BE ADVISED BY TELETYPE THIS PM.

END

JMS

FBI WASH DC

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

b7D

b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/15/83 BY 8069 THE/LWE/Kdj

REC 61 100-399321-186

DEC 1 1964

CONFIDENTIAL

November 30, 1964

CABLEGRAM URGENT

TO LEGAT LONDON

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

MALCOLM K. LITTLE, AKA, INTERNAL SECURITY - MIX.

REBUCAB NOVEMBER TWENTY-SEVEN LAST.

[redacted] SUBJECT AT RECEPTION IN HIS HONOR

NOVEMBER TWENTY-NINE LAST, NEW YORK CITY, STATED HE

WILL GO TO LONDON AND WOULD DEBATE AT OXFORD UNIVERSITY,

DECEMBER ONE, ONE NINE SIX FOUR. IT IS DESIRED YOU

ARRANGE FOR COVERAGE OF THIS DEBATE [redacted]

[redacted] CRS

(6)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

1 - Foreign Liaison Unit (detached)

100-399321-187

DO DEC 2 1964

NR 498
ENC. RJS
CK RJS
APPROVED BY
TYPED BY
LOGGED BY

VIA CABLEGRAM
NOV 30 1964
10:49 PM

CONFIDENTIAL

DECLASSIFIED BY SP4 E w Addy
ON 9/19/85
per release 190-10535-9

69 DEC 4 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Classified by SP4 E W Addy
Declassify on: OADR
12/19/83

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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_____

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☐ For your information: _____

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☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
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X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
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XXXXXX

FBI/DOJ

CONFIDENTIAL

CODE

November 27, 1964

CABLEGRAM

URGENT

b7C [redacted] 6-1

TO LEGAT LONDON

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

MALCOLM K. LITTLE, INTERNAL SECURITY - MMI.

b7D [redacted]

[redacted] SUBJECT IS SCHEDULED TO LEAVE NEW YORK CITY FOR LONDON, ENGLAND, ON NOVEMBER THIRTY NEXT, AT TEN PM., VIA BOAC FLIGHT FIVE ZERO SIX FROM JOHN F. KENNEDY INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT, DUE TO ARRIVE LONDON DECEMBER ONE ONE NINE SIX FOUR, NINE THIRTY FIVE AM, LONDON TIME. HE HAS RETURN RESERVATIONS ON BOAC FLIGHT FIVE ZERO ONE ON DECEMBER SIX ONE NINE SIX FOUR, LEAVING LONDON ELEVEN FIFTEEN AM AND ARRIVING JOHN F. KENNEDY INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT AT ONE FIFTY PM ON DECEMBER SIX ONE NINE SIX FOUR, NEW YORK TIME.

b7D [redacted]

b7C [redacted] CHS (6)

1 - [redacted] (Attn: [redacted] Unit) (Detached)

REC-9 100-399331-189

19 DEC 1 1964

NOV 28 1964

RECD. 2:24 PM FBI

CONFIDENTIAL

12/15/83 Classified by 9269 THE/LW

Declassify on: OADR

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☑

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
DeLoach
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

Cablegram to London
MALCOLM K. LITTLE

CONFIDENTIAL

[redacted]

IT IS DESIRED THAT YOU ATTEMPT TO DETERMINE [redacted] THE NATURE AND PURPOSE OF SUBJECT'S TRIP TO LONDON.

SUCAB RESULTS OF INQUIRIES.

[redacted]

NR. 486
EF.C.
CK.
AP[redacted]
TYPED BY
LOGGED BY

CONFIDENTIAL

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 27 1964

SENT BY CODED TELETYPE

TELETYPE

CONFIDENTIAL

FBI NEW YORK

6-01 PM URGENT 11-27-64 DAE

TO DIRECTOR -7- 100-399321

FROM NEW YORK 105-8999

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. [redacted]
Mr. [redacted]
Mr. [redacted]
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. [redacted]
Mr. [redacted]
Tele. Room
[redacted]
Miss Gandy

MALCOLM K. LITTLE AKA IS- MMI.

[redacted] b7C

12/15/83 BY 2269 THELWEG

Classified by
Declassify on: OADR

b7D

[redacted] SUBJ IS SCHEDULED TO LEAVE NYC FOR LONDON, ENGLAND ON NOV. THIRTY, SIXTY FOUR AT TEN PM. VIA BOAC FLIGHT FIVE ZERO SIX FROM JOHN F. KENNEDY INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT, DUE TO ARRIVE LONDON DEC. ONE, SIXTY FOUR , NINE THIRTY FIVE AM, LONDON TIME. HE HAS RETURN RESERVATIONS ON BOAC FLIGHT FIVE ZERO ONE ON DEC. SIX, SIXTY FOUR LEAVING LONDON ELEVEN FIFTEEN AM AND ARRIVING JOHN F. KENNEDY INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT AT ONE FIFTY PM ON DEC. SIX, SIXTY FOUR, NY TIME. [redacted]

REC-40 100-399321-193

[redacted] SUBJECT-S DEPARTURE WILL BE VERIFIED AND THE BUREAU ADVISED.

END AND PLS ACK FOR 2 [redacted]

Cable sent to London

WA...OBT OMS FBI WASH, DC FOR TWO [redacted] b7C

CONFIDENTIAL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

CONFIDENTIAL

1 - Liaison
1
1
1
b7C [redacted]

REC- 40
(SC) 100-399321 - 190

Date: November 30, 1964

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

APPROPRIATE [redacted]
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP (S) OF Class
DATE 12/29/83

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: MALCOLM K. LITTLE
INTERNAL SECURITY - MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

Reference is made to prior correspondence concerning the captioned individual.

Information has been received that the captioned individual is scheduled to leave New York City for London, England, on November 30, 1964. He will travel by British Overseas Airways Corporation Flight 506 from John F. Kennedy International Airport and is due to arrive in London on December 1, 1964. Subject has a reservation to return to New York City from London on British Overseas Airways Corporation Flight 501 leaving London on December 6, 1964.

b7D [redacted]

b1 [redacted]

BY COURIER SVC
03 DEC- 1
COMM-FBI

1 - Director
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

12/15/83 8269 THE/WEB/DLD
Classified by
Declassify on: OADR
SEE NOTE PAGE 2

1 - Mr. J. Walter Yeagley
Assistant Attorney General

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
DeLoach
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

CONFIDENTIAL

1 - London
2 - New York (105-8999) (See Note Page 2)
1 - Foreign Liaison Unit

b7C [redacted] cad (17)

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification

b7C [redacted]

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

64 DEC 8 1964

CONFIDENTIAL

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

1 - Chief, U. S. Secret Service

1 - Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence
Department of the Army

Attention: Director of Security

1 - Director of Naval Intelligence

1 - Office of Special Investigations
Air Force

Attention: Chief, Counterintelligence Division

ATTENTION SAC, NEW YORK:

Follow subject's travel and activities closely and keep the Bureau appropriately advised.

NOTE:

Subject is on Security Index. He is former national official of Nation of Islam. In March, 1964, he formed Muslim Mosque, Incorporated, a broadly based black nationalist movement and in late June, 1964, formed a nonwhite civil rights action group called the "Organization of Afro-American Unity" with headquarters in New York City. Subject recently returned from an extended visit in Egypt, Arabia and other African countries.

[redacted]

Letter classified "Confidential" since information received from source in New York which if disclosed could jeopardize its future effectiveness.

CONFIDENTIAL

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 1 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

FBI NEW YORK

1215 AM URGENT 12-1-64 JAA

TO DIRECTOR, PHILADELPHIA AND CHICAGO #1

/PHILADELPHIA AND CHICAGO VIA WASHINGTON - ENCODED/

FROM NEW YORK 1P

[redacted] b7C

MALCOLM K. LITTLE, AKA. IS-MMI.

BUFILE ONE ZERO ZERO DASH THREE NINE NINE THREE TWO ONE, NYFILE ONE ZERO FIVE DASH EIGHT NINE NINE NINE.

RE NEW YORK TEL TO BUREAU NOVEMBER THIRTY SIXTY FOUR CAPTIONED AS ABOVE.

SUBJ OBSERVED BY NYO AGENTS DEPARTING JFK INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT, NEW YORK, AT TEN THIRTY PM NOVEMBER THIRTY SIXTY FOUR ABOARD BOAC FLIGHT FIVE ZERO SIX "ECONOMY CLASS" FOR LONDON, DUE TO ARRIVE NINE THIRTY FIVE AM, DECEMBER ONE INSTANT, LONDON TIME.

100-379321-191
16 DEC 3 1964

NO INCIDENTS, NO PRESS CONFERENCE.

SUBJ TRAVELED UNDER THE NAME OF MALCOLM X.

ND

WA FOR RELAY JR

FBI WASH DC

[redacted] b7C

RELAYED TO PHILA

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12/15/89 BY 8269 JHE/LWE/ldd

70 DEC 8 1964

1-XLROT 808 R.B.

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 12/1/64

Transmit the following in PLAINTEXT
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (105-8999)

SUBJECT: MALCOLM K. LITTLE aka
IS-MMI

ReNYtel to Bu, dated 11/30/64, captioned as above.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are six copies of a LHM pertaining to subject's trip to London, England, on 11/30/64.

[redacted]

Subject was observed leaving aboard BOAC Flight 506 for London by SAS [redacted] and [redacted]

The enclosed LHM is classified "Confidential" because of information set forth therein [redacted] unauthorized disclosure of which could result in identification [redacted] and compromise future effectiveness.

C.C. WICH

ENCLOSURE

(3) Bureau (Enc. 6) (RM)
1-Philadelphia (Enc. 1) (INFO) (RM)
1-New York

[redacted] djm
(6)

REC 58 100-399321-192

6 DEC 2 1964

Copy to [redacted] by routing slip for info action date by [redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12/15/83 BY 8269 JHE/RR/RC

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
New York, New York
December 1, 1964

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

[redacted]

Malcolm K. Little
Internal Security-Muslim Mosque Incorporated

b7D [redacted] Malcolm Little was scheduled to leave New York City for London, England, at 10 PM on November 30, 1964, via BOAC on Flight 506 from John F. Kennedy, (JFK), International Airport, New York, and to arrive at London, England, at 9:35 AM (London time), on December 1, 1964.

b7D [redacted] Little has a return reservation on BOAC, Flight 501 on December 6, 1964, leaving London, England, at 11:15 AM scheduled to arrive at JFK International Airport at 1:50 PM (New York time) on December 6, 1964. Little will travel "economy class" round trip [redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

Declassified by 6855 DMH 5-13-77

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF WFO DATE 5-16-77

100-391527-192

ENCLOSURE

[redacted]

Malcolm K. Little

67D [redacted] Malcolm Little attended a reception in his honor on November 29, 1964, at New York City, sponsored by the Organization of Afro-American Unity, (OAAU). At this affair Little remarked that he was traveling to London, England, on November 30, 1964, and "would debate at Oxford University on December 1, 1964."

Characterizations of the OAAU, Muslim Mosque Incorporated Nation of Islam, and Nation of Islam Mosque Number 7 are attached hereto. All sources used to characterize these organizations have furnished reliable information in the past.

On November 30, 1964, Malcolm Little was observed boarding BOAC Flight 506 which left JFK International Airport at 10:30 PM for London, England. Little traveled under the name Malcolm X and is scheduled to arrive at London, England at 9:35 AM (London time) on December 1, 1964.

[redacted]

1. APPENDIX

NATION OF ISLAM, formerly referred to as the Muslim Cult of Islam, also known as Muhammad's Temples of Islam

In January, 1957, a source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD has described his organization on a nationwide basis as the "Nation of Islam," (NOI) and "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

On May 8, 1964, a second source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD is the national leader of the NOI; Muhammad's Temple of Islam No. 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, is the national headquarters of the NOI; and in mid-1960, MUHAMMAD and other NOI officials, when referring to MUHAMMAD'S organization on a nationwide basis, commenced using either "Mosque" or "Temple" when mentioning one of "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

The NOI is an all-Negro organization which was originally organized in 1930 in Detroit, Michigan. MUHAMMAD claims to have been selected by Allah, the Supreme Being, to lead the so-called Negro race out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation in the United States. Members following MUHAMMAD'S teachings and his interpretation of the "Koran" believe there is no such thing as a Negro; that the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "white devils," in the United States; and that the white race, because of its exploitation of the so-called Negroes, must and will be destroyed in the approaching "War of Armageddon."

In the past, officials and members of the NOI, including MUHAMMAD, have refused to register under the provisions of the Selective Service Acts and have declared that members owe no allegiance to the United States.

On May 5, 1958, the first source advised MUHAMMAD had, upon advice of legal counsel, tempered his personal statements and instructions to his ministers concerning the principles of his organization in order to avoid possible prosecution by the United States Government; however, he did not indicate any fundamental changes in the teachings of his organization.

[redacted]

[redacted]

2.

APPENDIX

NATION OF ISLAM, formerly referred to as the Muslim Cult of Islam, also known as Muhammad's Temples of Islam

On May 7, 1964, a third source advised Muhammad had, early in July, 1958, decided to de-emphasize the religious aspects of the teachings of Islam and to stress the economic benefits to be derived by those Negroes who joined the NOI. This policy change, according to MUHAMMAD, would help him acquire additional followers and create more interest in his programs.

[redacted]

Malcolm K. Little [redacted]

1. APPENDIX

NATION OF ISLAM, MOSQUE #7,
NEW YORK CITY

On May 5, 1964, a source advised that the Nation of Islam (NOI) affiliate in New York City is known as Mosque #7, also known as Temple #7, and is located at 102 West 116th Street, New York City. Mosque #7 is part of the NOI headed by ELIJAH MUHAMMAD, with headquarters in Chicago, Illinois. Mosque #7 has two branches; Mosque #7B at 105-03 Northern Boulevard, Queens, New York City, and Mosque #7C at 120 Madison Street, Brooklyn, New York. These branches are part of Mosque #7.

The date Mosque #7 originated in New York City is not known.

However, in connection with the origin of Mosque #7, it should be noted that in 1953 a second source advised that there was a Temple of the NOI (known to source then as the Muslim Cult of Islam) in New York City located at 135th Street and 7th Avenue, as far back as 1947.

[redacted]

1. APPENDIX

MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED

The March 13, 1964, edition of "The New York Times," a daily newspaper published in New York, New York, contained an article on page 20 which indicated that MALCOLM X (LITTLE), former national official of the Nation of Islam (NOI) and Minister of NOI Mosque #7, New York, who broke with the NOI on March 8, 1964, publicly announced in New York City on March 12, 1964, that he had formed the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI). The MMI, according to the article, would be a broadly based politically oriented black nationalist movement for Negroes only, financed by voluntary contributions. In this public statement MALCOLM X urged Negroes to abandon the doctrine of non-violence when it is necessary to defend themselves in the civil rights struggle, and he also suggested that Negroes form rifle clubs to protect their lives and property in times of emergencies in areas where the government is unable or unwilling to protect them.

Incorporation papers of the MMI filed on March 16, 1964, with the Business Section, Clerk of Courts, New York County, New York, New York, reflect that the MMI was incorporated under the Religious Corporation Law of the State of New York to work for the imparting of the Islamic Faith and Islamic Religion in accordance with "accepted Islamic principals." The principal place of worship to be located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York, New York.

During an appearance over KYW - Television, Cleveland, Ohio, on April 7, 1964, MALCOLM X stated that the MMI does not stand for integration, but for complete freedom, justice, and equality for Negroes. He stated that Islam was the religious philosophy of the MMI, while the political, economic and social philosophy was black nationalism.

On May 15, 1964, a confidential source advised that the headquarters of the MMI are located in Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 Seventh Avenue, New York City, where they were established on March 16, 1964.

[redacted]

Malcolm K. Little [redacted]

1. APPENDIX

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY (OAAU)

On June 28, 1964, MALCOLM X LITTLE, founder and leader of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with himself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic OAAU aims read by MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" people of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as well as "our" brothers and sisters on the African continent. It is patterned after the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May, 1963.

A recording of the remarks of MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the OAAU is to eliminate differences between Negroes so they can work together for "human rights," while the initial objective is to "internationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Nations. LITTLE condemned the non-violent civil rights movement and claims that Negroes should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The OAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes of education, politics, culture, economics and social reform.

On August 19, 1964, a confidential source advised that the headquarters of the OAAU are located in MMI headquarters, Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 7th Avenue, New York City.

[redacted]

CONFIDENTIAL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12/15/83 BY 9269 THE/kwc/cc

Airtel

1 - Mr. Rosenberg
1 - Mr. Floyd
1 - Mr. Bowen

To: SAC, New York (100-165768)

From: Director, FBI (100-441765)

MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED
INTERNAL SECURITY - MMI

APPROPRIATE LEGOFFICE AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) BY [illegible] DATE 12/15/83

With the return of Malcolm X Little from his African trip the possibility exists that additional coverage of his activities is desirable particularly since he intends to have the Negro question brought before the United Nations (UN). The possibility also exists that Little may soon be changing his residence since he has been ordered to move from his present residence which is the property of the Nation of Islam. This intensified coverage may take the form of spot check surveillances, additional live informant coverage, and any other sources which will provide coverage of his activities on a daily basis. Recommendations of the New York Office concerning such additional coverage should be submitted.

It is noted that Alex Quaison-Sackey, Ghanian Ambassador to the UN, has been elected President of the UN. Information has previously been received indicating that Little and Quaison-Sackey were on friendly terms and although this has not actually been verified, the possibility does exist that Little may attempt to utilize Quaison-Sackey to bring the Negro question in the United States before the UN. This matter should be followed closely.

[redacted]

New York should also keep in mind that an interview of Little by Bureau Agents may be desirable. Recommendations concerning such an interview should be submitted as soon as Little's personal feelings regarding the use of force and violence are established. He has indicated that he is now a firm believer in the true Islamic religion. If this is true, he will have abandoned his old convictions regarding the use of force and violence to achieve his aims. This remains to be seen.

100-399321-

1 - 100-399321 (Malcolm X Little)

NOT RECORDED DEC 3 1964

67 DEC 8 1964

CONFIDENTIAL DUPLICATE YELLOW

324

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Airtel to New York
RE: MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED
100-441765

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The activities of Little in connection with captioned organization should be followed closely and all pertinent information should be made available to the Bureau and interested offices expeditiously.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

Encls

FBI

Date: 11/30/64

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12/15/83 BY [redacted]

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (100-33953)

SUBJECT: MALCOLM X LITTLE
IS - MMI
OO: NEW YORK

Enclosed for the Bureau are nine copies of a LHM regarding MALCOLM X. Seven copies are enclosed for New York and one information copy is enclosed for Phoenix as ELIJAH MUHAMMAD utilizes that city for a winter residence.

b1D [redacted]

b1D The enclosed LHM is classified secret in order to protect the identity [redacted] of continuing value whose information could reasonably result in [redacted] compromise future effectiveness thereof.

Any additional information developed regarding the subject matter of LHM will be immediately furnished to the Bureau and New York.

(7) - Bureau (RM) (Encl. 9)
(1 - 100-441765) (MMI)
(1 - 100-442235) (OAAU)
[redacted]
(1 - 25-330971) (NOI)
7 - New York (2 - 105-8999) (RM) (Encl. 7)
(1 - 100-152759) (MMI)
(1 - 100-153308) (OAAU)
(1 - 105-7809) (NOI)
7 - [redacted]
1 - Phoenix (105-93) (NOI) (RM) (Encl. 1)
7 - Chicago
[redacted]

Copy to [redacted] by routing slip for [redacted]
☒ info ☐ action
date 12/3/64
by [redacted]

100-399321-193

18 DEC 2 1964

[redacted]

(See 11 page)

66 DEC 11 1964

1 - CCA 1 - XEROX FBIHQ

Sent _____ M Per _____

CG 100-33953

b7C [redacted]

(1 - 100-6989) (ELIJAH MUHAMMAD)
(1 - 100-35635) (NOI)
(1 - 100-41040) (MMI)
(1 - 100-41248) (OAAU)

b7C [redacted]-dpd
(22)

b7C [redacted] referred to in enclosed LHM is not characterized therein due to lack of definite identifying information.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Chicago, Illinois

11/30/64

CONFIDENTIAL

MALCOLM X LITTLE

Malcolm X Little, Muslim Mosque, Inc., and the Nation of Islam (NOI) are described in the latter pages of this communication.

[redacted]

b7C

[redacted]

b7C

[redacted]

b7C

CONFIDENTIAL

[redacted]

ENCLOSURE

100-399321-193

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY LETTER DATED 12/4/64

DECLASSIFIED BY 8249 ALM/MJH ON 12/15/93

CONFIDENTIAL

[redacted]

67C

A second source advised on November 24, 1964, that Akbar Muhammad and Elijah Muhammad, Jr., were sons of Elijah Muhammad and were members of the NOI. This source stated that Akbar was the African correspondent for "Muhammad speaks", the official NOI publication, and also advised that Elijah Muhammad, Jr., was a member of the NOI at Temple Number 2, Chicago, and was Assistant Supreme Captain of that organization.

[redacted]

CONFIDENTIAL

[redacted]

APPENDIX

CONFIDENTIAL

MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED

The March 13, 1964, edition of "The New York Times," a daily newspaper published in New York, New York, contained an article on page 20 which indicated that MALCOLM X (LITTLE), former national official of the Nation of Islam (NOI) and Minister of NOI Mosque #7, New York, who broke with the NOI on March 8, 1964, publicly announced in New York City on March 12, 1964, that he had formed the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI). The MMI, according to the article, would be a broadly based politically oriented black nationalist movement for Negroes only, financed by voluntary contributions. In this public statement MALCOLM X urged Negroes to abandon the doctrine of non-violence when it is necessary to defend themselves in the civil rights struggle, and he also suggested that Negroes form rifle clubs to protect their lives and property in times of emergencies in areas where the government is unable or unwilling to protect them.

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APPENDIX

[redacted]

CONFIDENTIAL

APPENDIX

CONFIDENTIAL

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APPENDIX

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The date Mosque #7 originated in New York City is not known.

However, in connection with the origin of Mosque #7, it should be noted that in 1953 a second source advised that there was a Temple of the NOI (known to source then as the Muslim Cult of Islam) in New York City located at 135th Street and 7th Avenue, as far back as 1947.

APPENDIX

SECRET

1 APPENDIX

NATION OF ISLAM, Formerly Referred to as the Muslim Cult of Islam, Aka. Muhammad's Temples of Islam

In January, 1957, a source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD has described his organization on a nationwide basis as the "Nation of Islam" and "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

On May 8, 1964, a second source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD is the national leader of the Nation of Islam (NOI); Muhammad's Temple of Islam No. 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, is the national headquarters of the NOI; and in mid-1960 MUHAMMAD and other NOI officials, when referring to MUHAMMAD's organization on a nationwide basis, commenced using either "Mosque" or "Temple" when mentioning one of "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

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On May 7, 1964, a third source advised MUHAMMAD had, early in July, 1958, decided to de-emphasize the religious aspects of the teachings of Islam and to stress the economic benefits to be derived by those Negroes who joined the NOI. This policy change, according to MUHAMMAD, would help him acquire additional followers and create more interest in his programs.

APPENDIX
This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Chicago, Illinois
November 30, 1964

Title MALCOLM X LITTLE

Character INTERNAL SECURITY -
MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED

Reference Letterhead memorandum dated and captioned as above.

67D [redacted]

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-36 (Rev. 10-29-63)

FBI

Date: 12/2/64

Transmit the following in PLAIN TEXT
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : Director, FBI (100-442235)

11 enclosures
6 mail pd

b7D FROM : SAC, [redacted]

SUBJECT: ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY;
IS - MISCELLANEOUS
OO: New York

Re Philadelphia teletype to Bureau and New York dated 12/1/64, captioned "MUSLIM MOSQUE, INC.; IS - MMI."

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are nine copies of a letterhead memo, captioned as above, and for New York two copies.

b7D NY [redacted] ACSI; OSI; USSS; STATE; CIA; CO (ESS); CAD; notified via r/s on 3/29/76. JDP:rsg.

4 - Bureau (R.M.)
3 - 100-442235 (OAAU)(Encl. - 8)
1 - 100-441765 (MMI)(Encl. - 1)
2 - New York (R.M.)
1 - 100-153308 (OAAU)(Encl. - 1)
1 - 100-152759 (MMI)(Encl. - 1)

[redacted]

b7D

b7C [redacted] pgo
(9)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12/15/83 BY SP6 THELEEN, dd

100-397221-

NOT RECORDED
180 DEC 9 1964

1 ENCLOSURE

[redacted] COPY

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Approved: [redacted] Sent ____ M Per ____

[redacted]

b7D

[redacted]

b7D

The enclosed letterhead memo is classified "Confidential" because the data [redacted] could reasonably result in [redacted] compromise the future effectiveness thereof.

Declassified per 3101 on 3/29/76. JDP:rjg

The information in letterhead memo concerning a demonstration at the United Nations and MALCOLM's trip to England was telephonically furnished to the New York Office on 12/1/64, and was also furnished the Bureau and New York in retel.

Pertinent information regarding the above will be furnished the New York Office in dissemination memoranda in the very near future for the individual files of New York subjects.

It was stated in retel that this letterhead memo would be classified "Secret;" however, as will be noted, the letterhead memo is only classified "Confidential" inasmuch as the secret information will be set forth in a separate letterhead memo.

b7D

[redacted]

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Washington, D. C.
December 2, 1964

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY

[redacted] a meeting of the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU) was held in New York City at the Audubon Ballroom, 166th Avenue at Broadway. [redacted] the OAAU was founded by MALCOLM LITTLE as a means of entering civil rights matters. This meeting began at 8:00 p.m., and the principal speaker was MALCOLM X LITTLE. There were at least 300 people who attended ~~this~~ meeting, which included two white men who may have been newspaper reporters.

Prior to MALCOLM's speech, a man named JESSE DRAKE, who may be from Philadelphia, made a short speech praising MALCOLM LITTLE. A woman from New York, named SHIRLEY (LNU), gave a "pep-type" talk preparing the audience for MALCOLM's speech. In addition, CLIFTON DE BERRY, who ran for President on the Socialist Workers Party ticket in the 1964 Presidential Election, also made a few remarks.

The Socialist Workers Party has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

MALCOLM LITTLE spoke as follows:

DECLASSIFIED BY 340 ON 3/29/76. JDP:rjg.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~GROUP 1~~
~~Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification~~

10 D 394521

ENCLOSURE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY

He first commented on his successful trip to Africa. He then talked about the recent killings in the Congo, and said that the missionaries had no business there in the first place. MALCOLM stated he no longer considered himself to be a racist, but was opposed to all people who are against the Negroes. This remark brought a big ovation from the audience. MALCOLM then talked about Mississippi, and said that if President JOHNSON could help people in foreign countries, he certainly should be able to help the people in Mississippi.

MALCOLM LITTLE stated that members of the Muslim Mosque, Inc., and OAAU will hold a protest demonstration at the United Nations, December 8, 1964, at either 10:00 a.m. or 1:00 p.m. They would demand that the United Nations take action against the United States for crimes committed against the American Negro all over the United States. MALCOLM insisted that all persons present at this meeting should be present at the demonstration.

A characterization of the Muslim Mosque, Inc., is attached.

MALCOLM LITTLE did not specify the form of the demonstration, but just stated there would be a protest demonstration.

MALCOLM then stated he was going to London, England, on December 1, 1964, to debate with some college students on December 3, 1964. He did not identify the subject matter of the debate, but he did say he would be back in New York City by December 6, 1964.

MALCOLM stated there are "black people" in Paris, London, and throughout Europe that "we" should be in contact with. He also said there are "black people" all over the world who are very concerned about what is going on in America regarding the Negro.

MALCOLM then announced that on Sunday, December 13, 1964, he would hold another meeting at the Audubon Ballroom.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY

During MALCOLM's speech it was noted that he appeared to still have his usual enthusiasm; however, it appeared that his remarks were more guarded than usual.

Organization of Afro-American Unity

1. APPENDIX

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY (OAAU)

On June 28, 1964, MALCOLM X LITTLE, founder and leader of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with himself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic OAAU aims read by MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" people of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as well as "our" brothers and sisters on the African continent. It is patterned after the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May, 1963.

A recording of the remarks of MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the OAAU is to eliminate differences between Negroes so they can work together for "human rights," while the initial objective is to "internationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Nations. LITTLE condemned the non-violent civil rights movement and claims that Negroes should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The OAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes of education, politics, culture, economics and social reform.

On August 19, 1964, a confidential source advised that the headquarters of the OAAU are located in MMI headquarters, Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 7th Avenue, New York City.

(1)

MUSLIM MOSQUE, INC.

The March 13, 1964 edition of "The New York Times", a daily newspaper published in New York, New York, contained an article on page 20 which indicated that MALCOLM X (LITTLE), former national official of the Nation of Islam (NOI) and Minister of NOI Mosque #7, New York, who broke with the NOI on March 8, 1964, publicly announced in New York City on March 12, 1964 that he had formed the Muslim Mosque, Inc. (MMI). The MMI, according to the article, would be a broadly based politically oriented black nationalist movement for Negroes only, financed by voluntary contributions. In this public statement MALCOLM X urged Negroes to abandon the doctrine of non-violence when it is necessary to defend themselves in the civil rights struggle, and he also suggested that Negroes form rifle clubs to protect their lives and property in times of emergencies in areas where the government is unable or unwilling to protect them.

Incorporation papers of the MMI filed on March 16, 1964 with the Business Section, Clerk of Courts, New York County, New York, New York, reflect that the MMI was incorporated under the Religious Corporation Law of the State of New York to work for the imparting of the Islamic Faith and Islamic Religion in accordance with "accepted Islamic principals." The principal place of worship to be located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York, New York.

During an appearance over KYW - Television, Cleveland, Ohio, on April 7, 1964 MALCOLM X stated that the MMI does not stand for integration, but for complete freedom, justice, and equality for Negroes. He stated that Islam was the religious philosophy of the MMI, while the political, economic and social philosophy was black nationalism.

On May 15, 1964 a confidential source advised that the headquarters of the MMI are located in Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 Seventh Avenue, New York City, where they were established on March 16, 1964.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 6 1964

TELETYPE

CONFIDENTIAL

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

SENT BY CODED TELETYPE
FBI NEW YORK

7-06PM URGENT 12-6-64 JCM

TO DIRECTOR 100-399321 , --3-- , PHILADELPHIA ,

AND WASHINGTON FIELD VIA WASHINGTON

FROM NEW YORK 105-8999 1P

b7C

DECLASSIFIED BY [redacted]
ON 9/19/85 #25

MALCOLM K. LITTLE, AKA

IS-MMI

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/15/83 BY 8269 JAE/MEB/BB JMC

EUAGENTS OBSERVED SUBJECT ARRIVING AT JFK INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT, TWO THIRTY PM, DECEMBER SIX, SIXTYFOUR, VIA BOAC FLT. FIVE ZERO ONE FROM LONDON. APPROXIMATELY TWELVE PERSONS MET SUBJECT ON ARRIVAL. SUBJECT REMAINED AT AIRPORT UNTIL THREE THIRTY PM SAME DATE, DURING WHICH TIME PERSONS GREETED SUBJECT. THESE PERSONS LATER LEFT SAID AIRPORT IN VEHICLES WITH THE FOLLOWING NY LICENSES.... DPL DASH NINE ONE SIX, DPL DASH ONE ONE ZERO, DPL DASH EIGHT SIX ZERO, TWO NINE THREE SEVEN NINE AND WASH. D.C. TEMPORARY LICENSE X THREE SEVEN ZERO SIX EIGHT. NO DEMONSTRATIONS OR PRESS CONFERENCE, LHM FOLLOWS.

WFO IDENTIFY WASH. D.C. LICENSE

END

WBS R RELAY

FBI WASHDC

100-399321-194

REC-63

DEC 8 1964

EX-104

Classified by [redacted]
Declassify on: OADR

b7C

TWO COPIES AIRED

CONFIDENTIAL

69 DEC 14 1964

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

DECLASSIFIED BY [redacted] ON 9/19/85 in accordance with [illegible]

CONFIDENTIAL

12/15A

CODE

(Type in plain text or code)

TELETYPE

URGENT

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR (100-399321) AND SAC NEW YORK (105-8999)

FROM: SAC, WFO (100-32805) (30C)

MALCOLM X. LITTLE, AKA., IS-NKI, (OO:NY).

RE NEW YORK TELETYPE DEC. SIX LAST.

RECORDS DC BUREAU OF MOTOR VEHICLES DEC. SEVEN LAST REFLECTED TEMPORARY DC LICENSE X THREE SEVEN ZERO SIX EIGHT ISSUED DEC. TWO LAST TO EMBASSY OF TANGANYIKA, ONE EIGHT SEVEN NINE REDWOOD TERRACE, NW., WDC. IS FOR A NINETEEN SIXTY-FIVE FOUR-DOOR CADILLAC. LICENSE EXPIRES DEC. ELEVEN NEXT DEPT AND WAS ISSUED PENDING INSURANCE OF DPL LICENSE (&) U

TANGANYIKA, INDEPENDENT COUNTRY IN EAST AFRICA, A FORMER BRITISH TRUST TERRITORY, ON APRIL TWENTYSEVEN LAST JOINED IN UNION WITH ZANZIBAR TO FORM UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA. [redacted] U

(2) Bureau
Teletype Unit
WFO

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12/15/78 BY [redacted]

[redacted]

15 DEC 14 1964 REC-21

CONFIDENTIAL

Classified by [redacted]

7 DEC 14 1964

Declassify on: 7/14/85

Approved: [redacted]

4-750 (Rev. 4-17-85)

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

6 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

☐ Deleted under exemption(s) _____ with no segregable material available for release to you.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.

☒ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

_____ Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

_____

_____

☐ For your information: _____

_____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

100-399321-196

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X DELETED PAGE(S) X
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FBI/DOJ

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-58)

FBI

Date: 12/4/64

Transmit the following in AIRTEL
(Type in plain text or code)

Via
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321) SECRET

FROM: LEGAT, LONDON (100-3313) (P)

SUBJECT: MALCOLM K. LITTLE
IS - MMI

ReBucab 11/30/64.

[redacted]

APPROPRIATE FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) DATE

(3) - Bureau
1 - Liaison (sent direct)
1 - London
[redacted] - Sec

(5) RLS

SECRET

REC-44 100-399321-197

EX-101

6 DEC 8 1964

12/15/83 14

Classified by [redacted]
Declassify on: OADR

Approved: [redacted] Per [redacted]

Classified by 6855 DMH/AK
Exempt from GDS Category [illegible]
Date of Declassification Indefinate
5-13-77

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

[redacted]

b1

S

Additional information will be submitted to the Bureau
regarding subject as it is received. This case is being kept in
a pending status [redacted]

b7D

U

SECRET

CONFIDENTIAL

1 - [redacted]

b7C

December 9, 1964

SECRET

12/5/83 Classified by 8269JHEL
Declassify on: OADR WEB/ld

MALCOLM K. LITTLE
INTERNAL SECURITY - MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED

[redacted]

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF DATE

Classified by
Exempt from GDS, Category
Date of Declassification Indefinite

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

b1

REC-

100-399321 — 197

EX-101

ENCLOSURE

SECRET

Characterization of Muslim Mosque, Incorporated is attached hereto. Sources used have furnished reliable information in the past.

b7C

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
DeLoach
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

[redacted]

ORIGINAL TO STATE, COPY TO CIA, YEAGLEY, SECRET SERVICE, OSI ONI, ACSI, 3 TO NEW YORK, 1 TO LONDON

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

70 DEC 16 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

(13) b7C

[redacted]

1 - XEROX FCF RIB.

See Note Page 2

CONFIDENTIAL

Malcolm K. Little

NOTE:

SECRET

[redacted]

61

5

SECRET

Classified "Confidential" inasmuch as the information if revealed could jeopardize future effectiveness [redacted]

67D

[redacted]

SECRET

[redacted]

CONFIDENTIAL

1. APPENDIX

MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED

The March 13, 1964, edition of "The New York Times," a daily newspaper published in New York, New York, contained an article on page 20 which indicated that MALCOLM X (LITTLE), former national official of the Nation of Islam (NOI) and Minister of NOI Mosque #7, New York, who broke with the NOI on March 8, 1964, publicly announced in New York City on March 12, 1964, that he had formed the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI). The MMI, according to the article, would be a broadly based politically oriented black nationalist movement for Negroes only, financed by voluntary contributions. In this public statement MALCOLM X urged Negroes to abandon the doctrine of non-violence when it is necessary to defend themselves in the civil rights struggle, and he also suggested that Negroes form rifle clubs to protect their lives and property in times of emergencies in areas where the government is unable or unwilling to protect them.

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On May 15, 1964, a confidential source advised that the headquarters of the MMI are located in Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 Seventh Avenue, New York City, where they were established on March 16, 1964.

DECLASSIFIED BY 8269 JHE/wrs/ldd
ON 12/15/83

100-399321 - 197

CONFIDENTIAL

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321) DATE: 12/11/64

FROM : SAC, WFO (100-32805)(RUC)

SUBJECT: MALCOLM K. LITTLE, aka
IS - MMI
(OO:NY)

b7c [redacted]

ReNYtel, 12/6/64, advising subject observed arriving NY from overseas, 12/6/64.

b7D [redacted]

Appropriate local agencies have been notified of above by WFO. The Bureau and interested offices will be promptly advised of any information received regarding such

b7D action [redacted]

(3) - Bureau
(1-25-330971) (NOI)
1 - Chicago (100-35635)(NOI) (Info)(RM)
2 - New York (105-8999)(RM)
1 - WFO

REC 45 100-399321-198

b7c [redacted]sch
(7)

21 DEC 11 1964

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/15/83 BY 8269 JHE/WEB/dd

b7c SUPERVISORY CONTROL [redacted]

RECORDED COPY FILED IN

65-330971-53-

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FBI

Date: 12/8/64

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (105-8999)

SUBJECT: MALCOLM K. LITTLE aka
IS-MMI
(OO: NY)

DECLASSIFIED BY SP4ELW/ld
ON 9/19/85
per release 190-15991-8

ReNYtel dated 12/6/64, and WFOtel dated 12/8/64.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are six copies of an LHM pertaining to captioned matter.

Subject was observed returning to the US, 12/6/64, at John F. Kennedy International Airport, New York by SAS [redacted] and [redacted] b7C

Referenced NY License 29379, is actually registered to Cadillac Motor Car Division, Broadway at 57th St., NYC. On 12/7/64, [redacted] b7D stated that representative of the Tanganyika Government to the UN purchased a Cadillac the first week in December and wanted to use their license plates until official plates were issued.

O-1 NY, 12/15/64

Copy to: 2 cncl - State, CIA, AAG Yeagley, Secret Service, Treas. - OSI, CNI, ACSI Legat, London
by routine slip for
☑ info ☐ action
date 12/14/64
by [redacted] b7C

REC-43 100-399321-194

21 DEC 9 1964

ENCLOSURE

3- Bureau (ENCLS. 6) (RM)
1- New York

JCS and C.C. Wick

Classified by SP4ELW/ld
Declassify on: OADR

SUBJ CONTROL

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

6 DEC 22 1964

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

New York, New York
December 8, 1964

CONFIDENTIAL

Malcolm K. Little
Internal Security-
Muslim Mosque Incorporated

Malcolm Little traveling under the name Malcolm X arrived at John F. Kennedy (JFK) International Airport, New York, at 2:30 p.m., December 6, 1964, via British Overseas Airways Corporation, flight 501 from London.

Little cleared through United States Customs at 3:15 p.m., and was met by approximately twelve of his followers including his wife. He remained in the International Terminal building until 3:30 p.m. No demonstration or Press Conference was held by Little or his followers at the airport.

During the period that Little remained at the International Terminal building persons believed to be waiting for someone to arrive at the airport came over to Little shook his hand and spoke a few works with him. These persons who shook Little's hand and posed for pictures with Little also departed from JFK International Airport at 3:30 p.m., in the following licensed vehicles: DPL-110; DPL-860; DPL-916; 29379, all licensed in the state of New York, and Washington, DC temporary license X37068.

New York license DPL-110; DPL-860 and 29379 are registered to the Government of Tanganyika Permanent Mission to the United Nations, 205 East 42nd Street, New York City. &U

Washington, DC temporary license X37068 is registered to Embassy of Tanganyika, 1879 Redwood Terrace, Northwest, Washington, DC &U

Tanganyika is an independent country in East Africa and was a former British Trust Territory. On April 27, 1964, Tanganyika joined in union with Zanzibar to form United Republic of Tanzania. &U

UNCLASSIFIED

New York license DPL-916 is registered to the Government of Kenya, Permanent Mission to the United Nations, 733 3rd Ave New York City. &U

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Classified by 6476 SEC/WE
Declassify on: OADR
12/15/83

ENCLOSURE

100-399321-199

7 0 DEC 22 1964

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

DECLASSIFIED BY Steve Chubb on 9/19/85 per Letter 197-15791-8

APPR. TAJE AND FILED OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) OF
DATE 12/11/64

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-50)

FBI

Date: 12/15/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (25-330971)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (100-35635)

SUBJECT: NATION OF ISLAM
IS - NOI

Enclosed herewith are 10 copies of a letterhead memorandum for the Bureau and three copies of letterhead memorandum for New York pertaining to a warning from RAYMOND SHARRIEFF to MALCOLM LITTLE.

[redacted]

b7D

no announcements have been made [redacted] at Muhammad Temple #2 which indicated the NOI is planning any form of attack on MALCOLM LITTLE or his followers. [redacted] Pertinent information will be furnished the Bureau and interested offices in form suitable for dissemination as received.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/16/83 BY 9263 JHE/wsb dd

5 - Bureau (Encls. 10) (RM)
(1 - 100-441765 MUSLIM MOSQUE, INC.)
(1 - 100-399321 MALCOLM X LITTLE)
3 - New York (105-7809) (Encls. 3) (RM)
(1 - 100-152759) (MMI)
(1 - 105-8999 MALCOLM X LITTLE)
3 - Chicago
(1 - 100-6989 ELIJAH MUHAMMAD)

100-399321-
NOT RECORDED
93 DEC 21 1964

[redacted] djm
(11)

b7C

CARBON COPY

ENCLOSURE

67 DEC 23 1964

25-330971-71120

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Chicago, Illinois
DECEMBER 15, 1964

NATION OF ISLAM
INTERNAL SECURITY -
NATION OF ISLAM (NOI)

The below listed organizations are characterized in later pages:

Nation of Islam;
Fruit of Islam;
Muslim Mosque, Inc.
Nation of Islam, Mosque #7, New York City

The "Crusader" in its issue of December 12, 1964, on page three, carried an article entitled "Nation of Islam Warns Malcom X". The article reflected as follows:

"The following open telegram was dispatched December 7, 1964, by Captain Raymond Sharrieff of the Fruit of Islam of the Nation of Islam in North America to the former Malcolm X, defected from the Muslim movement:

'Mr. Malcolm: We hereby officially warn you that the Nation of Islam shall no longer tolerate your scandilizing the name of our leader and teacher the Honorable Elijah Muhammad regardless of where such scandalizing has been.'

Signed: Captain Raymond Sharrieff, the Nation of Islam in North America."

The "Crusader" is a weekly newspaper published at 6429 South Park, Chicago, Illinois. It regularly features articles by Elijah Muhammad, the Messenger of Allah, entitled "Mr. Muhammad Speaks".

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/15/83 BY 8269 THELWEB/DD

ENCLOSURE

APPENDIX

NATION OF ISLAM, Formerly Referred to as the Muslim Cult of Islam, Aka. Muhammad's Temples of Islam

In January, 1957, a source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD has described his organization on a nationwide basis as the "Nation of Islam" and "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

On May 8, 1964, a second source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD is the national leader of the Nation of Islam (NOI); Muhammad's Temple of Islam No. 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, is the national headquarters of the NOI; and in mid-1960 MUHAMMAD and other NOI officials, when referring to MUHAMMAD's organization on a nationwide basis, commenced using either "Mosque" or "Temple" when mentioning one of "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

The NOI is an all-Negro organization which was originally organized in 1930 in Detroit, Michigan. MUHAMMAD claims to have been selected by Allah, the Supreme Being, to lead the so-called Negro race out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation in the United States. Members following MUHAMMAD's teachings and his interpretation of the "Koran" believe there is no such thing as a Negro; that the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "white devils," in the United States; and that the white race, because of its exploitation of the so-called Negroes, must and will be destroyed in the approaching "War of Armageddon."

In the past, officials and members of the NOI, including MUHAMMAD, have refused to register under the provisions of the Selective Service Acts and have declared that members owe no allegiance to the United States.

On May 5, 1958, the first source advised MUHAMMAD had, upon advice of legal counsel, tempered his personal statements and instructions to his ministers concerning the principles of his organization in order to avoid possible prosecution by the United States Government; however, he did not indicate any fundamental changes in the teachings of his organization.

On May 7, 1964, a third source advised MUHAMMAD had, early in July, 1958, decided to de-emphasize the religious aspects of the teachings of Islam and to stress the economic benefits to be derived by those Negroes who joined the NOI. This policy change, according to MUHAMMAD, would help him acquire additional followers and create more interest in his programs.

APPENDIX

FRUIT OF ISLAM

On May 8, 1964, a source advised that the Fruit of Islam (FOI) is a group within the Nation of Islam (NOI) composed of male members of the NOI. The purpose of the FOI is to protect officials and property of the NOI, assure compliance of members with NOI teachings, and to prepare for the "War of Armageddon." Members of the FOI are required to participate in military drill and are afforded the opportunity to engage in judo training. The FOI is governed by a military system wherein the members are controlled by general orders similar to those issued by regular military organizations.

APPENDIX

APPENDIX

1

MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED

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APPENDIX

APPENDIX

1

NATION OF ISLAM, MOSQUE #7,
NEW YORK CITY

On May 3, 1963, a source advised that the Nation of Islam (NOI) affiliate in New York City is known as Mosque #7, also known as Temple #7, and is located at 102 West 116th Street, New York City. Mosque #7 is a part of the NOI headed by ELIJAH MUHAMMAD, with headquarters in Chicago, Illinois. Mosque #7 follows the policies and programs as set forth by ELIJAH MUHAMMAD.

The date Mosque #7 originated in New York City is not known.

However, in connection with the origin of Mosque #7, it should be noted that in 1953, a second source advised that there was a temple of the NOI (known to source then as the Muslim Cult of Islam) in New York City located at 135th Street and Seventh Avenue, as far back as 1947.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321) DATE: 12/17/64

FROM : SAC, WFO (100-32805)(RUC)

SUBJECT: MALCOLM K. LITTLE, aka
IS - MMI
(OO:NY)

Remylet, 12/11/64. [redacted]

67D [redacted] said that the FOI will not let MALCOLM X come to Washington, D.C., and talk about ELIJAH MUHAMMAD, their great leader, and that they will tear down the radio station or TV station on which he appears. [redacted] MALCOLM X was "out" and would not be allowed to talk against MUHAMMAD.

Local agencies will not be notified of above inasmuch as they have been advised of information as set out in referenced WFO letter dated 12/11/64. WFO will remain alert for any additional information regarding this matter.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/16/83 BY 6269 THE/WES/RD

[redacted] 67C

(3) - Bureau
(1-25-330971)(NOI)
1 - Chicago (100-35635)(NOI)(Info)(RM)
2 - New York (105-8999)(RM)
1 - WFO

REC- 53

100-399321-
200

21 DEC 2[illegible]

67C [redacted]sch
(7)

67C [redacted]

67DEC 23 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 25-330971-

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/10/64

Transmit the following in PLAIN TEXT
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI, [redacted]

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO [redacted] 67C

SUBJECT: [redacted]
SM - NOI
OO: Chicago

Re Chicago airtel and LHM to Bureau under above captioned dated 11/17/64; Chicago airtel to Bureau dated 11/24/64 captioned "NATION OF ISLAM, IS - NOI"; and Chicago airtel and LHM to Bureau dated 11/30/64 captioned "NATION OF ISLAM, IS - NOI".

[redacted] 67C,D

ORIGINAL FILED IN [redacted]

(6) Bureau (Encs. 9) (RM)
1 - 25-330971 (NOI)
1 - 105-24822 (ELIJAH MUHAMMAD)
1 - 100-399321 (MALCOLM X)
3 - New York (Encs. 3) (RM)
[redacted]
1 - 105-8999 (MALCOLM X)
1 - 105-7809 (NOI)
1 - Phoenix (Enc. 1) (RM)
4 - Chicago
1 - 100-35635 (NOI)
1 - 100-6989 (ELIJAH MUHAMMAD)
[redacted] 67C
Jmn
(14)

ENCLOSURE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 8/22/80 BY [redacted]

100-371321-1

67C

NOT RECORDED
150 DEC 21 1964

CARBON COPY

5 2 DEC 24 1964

CG 100-33335

b7A,C [redacted]

The enclosed LHM is classified secret in order to protect [redacted] and compromise future effectiveness thereof.

b7D

b7C [redacted]

The Bureau and interested offices will be appropriately advised of any additional pertinent details developed in this matter.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Chicago, Illinois
December 10, 1964

[redacted]

b7C [redacted]

Reference is made to memorandum dated November 17, 1964, at Chicago, Illinois, and captioned as above.

b7D [redacted]

The NOI is described in the appendix section of this communication.

b7C [redacted]

b7D,C [redacted]

b7C [redacted]

[redacted]

declassified by 6002 DJ/dk 5-13-77

100-449321-

ENCLOSURE

[redacted]

Re: [redacted]

b7C [redacted]

Malcolm X is described in the appendix pages of this communication.

b7C [redacted]

b7D [redacted]

b7C [redacted]

[redacted]

APPENDIX

NATION OF ISLAM, Formerly Referred to as the Muslim Cult of Islam, Aka. Muhammad's Temples of Islam

In January, 1957, a source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD has described his organization on a nationwide basis as the "Nation of Islam" and "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

On May 8, 1964, a second source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD is the national leader of the Nation of Islam (NOI); Muhammad's Temple of Islam No. 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, is the national headquarters of the NOI; and in mid-1960 MUHAMMAD and other NOI officials, when referring to MUHAMMAD's organization on a nationwide basis, commenced using either "Mosque" or "Temple" when mentioning one of "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

The NOI is an all-Negro organization which was originally organized in 1930 in Detroit, Michigan. MUHAMMAD claims to have been selected by Allah, the Supreme Being, to lead the so-called Negro race out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation in the United States. Members following MUHAMMAD's teachings and his interpretation of the "Koran" believe there is no such thing as a Negro; that the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "white devils," in the United States; and that the white race, because of its exploitation of the so-called Negroes, must and will be destroyed in the approaching "War of Armageddon."

In the past, officials and members of the NOI, including MUHAMMAD, have refused to register under the provisions of the Selective Service Acts and have declared that members owe no allegiance to the United States.

On May 5, 1958, the first source advised MUHAMMAD had, upon advice of legal counsel, tempered his personal statements and instructions to his ministers concerning the principles of his organization in order to avoid possible prosecution by the United States Government; however, he did not indicate any fundamental changes in the teachings of his organization.

On May 7, 1964, a third source advised MUHAMMAD had, early in July, 1958, decided to de-emphasize the religious aspects of the teachings of Islam and to stress the economic benefits to be derived by those Negroes who joined the NOI. This policy change, according to MUHAMMAD, would help him acquire additional followers and create more interest in his programs.

[redacted]

1

APPENDIX

**NATION OF ISLAM, MOSQUE #7,
NEW YORK CITY**

On May 5, 1964, a source advised that the Nation of Islam (NOI) affiliate in New York City is known as Mosque #7, also known as Temple #7, and is located at 102 West 116th Street, New York City. Mosque #7 is part of the NOI headed by ELIJAH MUHAMMAD, with headquarters in Chicago, Illinois. Mosque #7 has two branches; Mosque #7B at 105-03 Northern Boulevard, Queens, New York City, and Mosque #7C at 120 Madison Street, Brooklyn, New York. These branches are part of Mosque #7.

The date Mosque #7 originated in New York City is not known.

However, in connection with the origin of Mosque #7, it should be noted that in 1953 a second source advised that there was a Temple of the NOI (known to source then as the Muslim Cult of Islam) in New York City located at 135th Street and 7th Avenue, as far back as 1947.

[redacted]

1

[redacted]

APPENDIX

MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED

The March 13, 1964, edition of "The New York Times," a daily newspaper published in New York, New York, contained an article on page 20 which indicated that MALCOLM X (LITTLE), former national official of the Nation of Islam (NOI) and Minister of NOI Mosque #7, New York, who broke with the NOI on March 8, 1964, publicly announced in New York City on March 12, 1964, that he had formed the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI). The MMI, according to the article, would be a broadly based politically oriented black nationalist movement for Negroes only, financed by voluntary contributions. In this public statement, MALCOLM X urged Negroes to abandon the doctrine of non-violence when it is necessary to defend themselves in the civil rights struggle, and he also suggested that Negroes form rifle clubs to protect their lives and property in times of emergencies in areas where the government is unable or unwilling to protect them.

Incorporation papers of the MMI filed on March 16, 1964, with the Business Section, Clerk of Courts, New York County, New York, New York, reflect that the MMI was incorporated under the Religious Corporation Law of the State of New York to work for the imparting of the Islamic Faith and Islamic Religion in accordance with "accepted Islamic principals." The principal place of worship to be located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York, New York.

During an appearance over KYW-Television, Cleveland, Ohio, on April 7, 1964, MALCOLM X stated that the MMI does not stand for integration, but for complete freedom justice and equality for Negroes. He stated that Islam was the religious philosophy of the MMI, while the political, economic, and social philosophy was black nationalism.

[redacted]

[redacted]

APPENDIX

1

MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED

On May 15, 1964, a confidential source advised that the headquarters of the MMI are located in Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 Seventh Avenue, New York City, where they were established on March 16, 1964.

APPENDIX

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

[redacted]

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Chicago, Illinois
December 10, 1964

Title: [redacted]

b7C

Reference: Memorandum dated and captioned as above.

b7D [redacted]

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

9 (Rev. 10-1-64)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
DeLoach
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele Room
Holmes
Gandy

HARYOU Panel to Hear Malcolm X

Malcolm X, the Black Nationalist leader, will be a speaker Saturday at a seminar sponsored by Associated Community Teams, part of HARYOU-ACT, the Harlem anti-poverty program.

The seminar, one of a series, will be held for young men and women training for the Harlem Domestic Peace Corps, one of the projects undertaken by ACT. Livingston Wingate, executive director or HARYOU-ACT and ACT, said the seminars were "consistent with our agency's polimation on important issues

A spokesman for ACT said none of the seminar speakers necessarily reflect the opinions of ACT. Among previous speakers were Bayard Rustin, organizer of the March on Washington, Dr. Lassar Gotkin of the Institute for Developmental Studies, and Peter Caffentis of Science Research Associates. The domestic peace corps is made up of college students and adult vounteers, consisting of Harlem residents.

Gregory Sims, director of the domestic peace corps program, said that tentative commitments to speak in the future had been received from William E. Miler, Republican Vice-Presidential candidate; Dr. Martin Luther King jr., winner of the 1964 Nobel Peace Prize; James Farmer, national director of the Congress of Racial Equality, and Sen.-elect Robert F. Kennedy.

HARYOU-ACT has received $4.4 million this year, $3.4 million from the city and the rest from the Federal government.

Malcolm X left the Black Muslim movement early this year to form what he called a Black Nationalist organization, the Organization of African Unity. For several years before that, he had been the primary and most eloquent spokesman for the Black Muslims, a religious sect that allied itself with Islam and preached separation of the races.

For the last five months, Malcolm X has been on a tour of Africa and the Middle East, where he had frequent speaking engagements. Two



Herald Tribune—KELL

Malcolm X after appearing in Manhattan Traffic Court yesterday.

[redacted]

b7C

[redacted]

LX 109

DEC 48

100-399321-17

NOT RECORDED

46 DEC 17 1964

The Washington Post and Times Herald
The Washington Daily News
The Evening Star
New York Herald Tribune
New York Journal-American
New York Mirror
New York Daily News
New York Post
The New York Times
The Worker
The New Leader
The Wall Street Journal
The National Observer
People's World
Date

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/16/82 BY 8269 TUEKUSOBD

69 DEC 24 1964

File [redacted] b7C 100-399321

DEC 0 1964

months ago, he was reported to have completely reversed his feelings about white people. In a letter from Saudi Arabia, he was quoted as embracing the doctrine of the brotherhood of man.

Some months before that letter, he had been reported as having advocated the formation of rifle clubs by Negroes to defend themselves.

Yesterday, Malcolm X was acquitted on a speeding charge in the traffic part of Criminal Court. Judge William Brennan said the court had "a doubt" about Malcolm X's guilt, in a March 6 arrest.

In interviews outside the courtroom, Malcolm X denounced Congolese Premier Moise Tshombe, said the FBI was too slow in arresting 21 Mississippians in the murders of three civil rights workers, and called Dr. King, espouser of non-violence in the civil rights movement, "a friend of mine and one of the foremost leaders of Negroes in their fight for recognition as human beings."

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

~~SECRET~~

TO : Director, FBI (100-399321) DATE: 12/9/64

FROM : Legat, London (100-3313) (RUC)

SUBJECT: MALCOLM K. LITTLE
IS - MMI

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[redacted] b7C

Remyairtel 12/4/64. U

b1 [redacted] S

Enclosed is a clipping concerning MALCOLM X's appearance in the Oxford Union Debate from the "Daily Telegraph" of 12/4/64. U

As there are no further leads outstanding, this case is being placed in a RUC status. U

ENCLOSURE

3 - Bureau (Enc. 1)
1 - Liaison (sent direct)
1 - London
[redacted]vw
(5)

12/16/83 Classified by 8269 THELWELL
Declassify on: OADR

b7C [redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

APPROPRIATE [redacted] FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY LETTER DATED 5/16/22 DMJ

100-399321-201

2 cys Coulet & Kenny of each to New York by routing slip for [x] info [ ] action date 12/21/64 by [redacted]

REC-34 23 DEC 28 1964

b7C

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[redacted]

Classified by 6825 DMJ/dk
Exempt from GDS Category [illegible]
Date of Declassification Indefinite
5-13-77

68 DEC 30 1964

FD-350 (4-3-62)

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Cheers for Malcolm X at Oxford

DAILY TELEGRAPH REPORTER

THE American Negro leader Malcolm X received a long ovation when he spoke last night in an Oxford Union debate.

He was speaking for a motion "that extremism in the defence of liberty is no vice, moderation in the pursuit of justice is no virtue."

He said: "I don't believe in any form of unjustified extremism, but when a man is exercising extremism in defnec of liberty for human beings I do not consider that a vice.

"When a man is moderate in defence of justice for human beings I say he is a sinner.

"Wishy-washy love"

"My main reason for believing in extremism in defence of liberty is because I firmly believe in my heart that the day that the black man takes uncompromising steps and realises that he is within his rights then his own freedom is being jeopardised to use any means necessary to bring about his freedom. I don't think he will be by himself.

"I believe that the day they they do many more whites will have more respect for them. There will be more whites than there are now on their side with this wishy-washy love thine enemy approach they have been using up to now."

He said that he did not believe in brotherhood "with anyone who is not ready to practice brotherhood with our people."

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

"DAILY TELEGRAPH"

London, England

Date: 12/4/64
Edition:
Author:
Editor:
Title: CHEERS FOR MALCOLM X AT OXFORD

Character: MALCOLM K. LITTI
or
Classification: IS-MMI
Submitting Office: London

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12/16/83 BY 8268 THE/weslda

100-399321 - 201

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 12/21/64

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (105-8999)

SUBJECT: MALCOLM K. LITTLE aka
IS - MUSLIM MOSQUE, INC.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are six copies of a LHM concerning MALCOLM X.'s statement at a Harlem Rally where he remarked, "we need a Mau Mau to win freedom and equality for Negores in the United States".

The NYO will continue to follow the activities of MALCOLM X. and any pertinent information concerning his activities will be promptly furnished to the Bureau in form suitable for dissemination.

ENCLOSURE

3- Bureau (Encls. 6) (RM)
2- New York
(1- 100-152759) MMI)

b7C [redacted]:ada
(6)

REC 18 100-399321-202

b7C

14 DEC 22 1964

Copy to [redacted] by routing slip for ASSISTANT [redacted]
☒ info ☐ action
date 12/22/64
by [redacted]

b7C

[redacted]

b7C

[redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12/6/83 BY [redacted]

Approved: _____ Special Agent in Charge

30 JAN

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

New York, New York
December 21, 1964

Re: Malcolm K. Little
Internal Security - Muslim Mosque, Inc.

The "New York Times", local New York City daily newspaper dated December 21, 1964, contained an article captioned, "Malcolm Favors a Mau Mau in U.S. -- At Harlem Rally, He Urges Negroes to 'Even Score'". This article in part stated that, "Malcolm X. the black nationalist leader, declared yesterday that 'we need a Mau Mau' to win freedom and equality for Negroes in the United States.

"He hailed the Mau Mau -- the antiwhite terrorists active in Kenya before that country gained independence -- as 'the greatest African freedom fighters,' who would hold an important place in history.

"He addressed a Harlem rally to support the Mississippi Freedom Democratic party's challenge to the seating of Mississippi' all-white Representatives in Congress.

"Three hundred persons, about a third of them white, attended the rally, in the Williams Institutional Church, at 2225 Seventh Avenue, near 131st Street.

"Malcolm X accused President Johnson, Vice President-elec Hubert H. Humphrey and Mayor Wagner of 'playing the same game as the Southern crackers.'

'I'm for anybody who is for freedom, justice and equality,' he said. 'I'm against anybody who tells black people to be nonviolent while nobody is telling white people to be nonviolent.'

'It is necessary to learn the right language to communicate with people, he said, adding: 'If the language is a shotgun, get a shotgun. But don't waste time talking the wrong language.

100-397321 - 202

ENCLOSURE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/16/83 BY 8269 THE LWE/dd

Malcolm K. Little

"The militant leader, wearing a small goatee, eyeglasses and a dark blue suit, asserted that freedom had to be taken, because it could not be given.

"Earlier this year, in a letter to a friend here, he wrote from Mecca, Saudi Arabia, that he had renounced black racism and had embraced the brotherhood of man, but his words yesterday bristled with militancy.

"Pointing his right forefinger vigorously and accusingly, he said justice demanded that 'he who kills by the sword shall be killed by the sword.'

'A black man has the right to do whatever is necessary to get his freedom,' he said. 'We will never get it by nonviolence.'

"Urging Negroes to 'even the score' with whites, he said: 'Let the Klan know we can do it, tit for tat, tit for tat. We have brothers who are able, equipped and ready to do that.'

"As the audience cheered, he observed: 'Freedom is gotten by ballots or bullets. These are the only two methods. Either ballots or bullet.'"

67D

[redacted]

CG 100-41297

CONFIDENTIAL

8 - Bureau (Enc. 13)(RM)
(1 - 25-330971)(NOI)
(1 - 100-399321)(MALCOLM LITTLE)
(1 - 100-441765)(MUSLIM MOSQUE, INC.)
(1 - 100-442235)(OAAU)
[redacted]

3 - Boston (100-) (Enc. 3)(RM)
[redacted]

4 - Los Angeles (100-) (Enc. 4)(RM)
[redacted]

5 - New York (100-) (Enc. 4)(RM)
(1 - 100-152759)(MMI)
(1 - 100-153358)(OAAU)
(1 - 100-8999) (MALCOLM LITTLE)

6 7 C,D

9 - Philadelphia (100-47620)(Enc. 8)(RM)
(1 - 100-)(INTERNATIONAL MUSLIM BROTHERHOOD)
[redacted] BROTHERHOOD, USA)
[redacted]

2 - San Francisco (100-) (Enc. 2)(RM)
[redacted]

9 - Chicago
(1 - 100-6989)(ELIJAH MUHAMMAD)
(1 - 100-35635)(NOI)
(1 - 100-41040)(MMI)
(1 - 100-41248)(OAAU)
[redacted]

[redacted]kmh
(40)

CONFIDENTIAL

CG 100-41297

[redacted]

(C)

Chicago notes that the referenced Philadelphia teletype and the instant letterhead memorandum refer to several different Muslim organizations, among them being the International Muslim Brotherhood, the Muslim World League, the Muslim Brotherhood, USA, etc.

[redacted]

(C)

[redacted]

CONFIDENTIAL

APPROPRIATE ADDENDUM
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADDITIONAL ROUTING
SLIP (S) OR
DATE 12/29/64

United States Government
MEMORANDUM

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-133287) DATE: 12/22/64

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (100-41297)

Page ii

SUBJECT: [redacted]
IS - MISCELLANEOUS

b7D

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/16/13 BY [illegible]

Re Chicago airtel to the Director, cc's to Boston, Los Angeles, New York, Philadelphia, San Diego, San Francisco, and Washington Field Offices dated 10/23/64; report of SA [redacted] captioned, "NATION OF ISLAM, IS - NOI," dated 11/20/64, pages 118-157; Philadelphia teletype to the Director, Chicago and New York, captioned "MUSLIM MOSQUE, INC., IS - MMI", dated 12/10/64.

b7C

[redacted]

Classified by 2267
Declassify on: OADR

61

100-399321-

Copies set forth on
11 page

1 ENCLOSURE

CONFIDENTIAL

NOT RECORDED
182 DEC 31 1964

CARBON COPY

64 JAN 8 1965

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-41297-157

CG 100-41297

CONFIDENTIAL

57D [redacted]

It is based on information available thus far, obvious MALCOLM LITTLE has taken steps to associate himself with Muslim religious groups, some of which are apparently legitimate and which have headquarters based in foreign countries such as Pakistan, Arabia and so forth. In view of this, the following leads are set forth:

The Bureau is requested to review its files regarding the Muslim World League, the American Canadian Islamic Federation, the Muslim Students Association, United States and Canada, the International Muslim Brotherhood, and the Islamic Center in Washington, D.C. It is hoped this review might furnish some information that would assist in documenting the nature and structure of these groups. Chicago believes it is important these various groups be identified as it is necessary that it be determined whether or not they are legitimate religions, whether or not they are backed by foreign governments, and whether or not they could be considered as detrimental to the best interests of the United States.

The Bureau is requested, in addition, to furnish Chicago and other interested Offices with any observations they may have regarding various affiliations of MALCOLM LITTLE [redacted] with what are apparently legitimate Islamic organizations, which may assist in the direction of investigative efforts.

The New York Office is requested to closely follow contacts of this type made by MALCOLM LITTLE in an effort to determine his ultimate plans and connections. In this regard, UACB, New York is requested to consider the feasibility of an interview with LITTLE for the purpose of resolving his present plans and connections.

CONFIDENTIAL

CG 100-41287

The Philadelphia Office is requested to attempt to identify the International Muslim Brotherhood, the Muslim Brotherhood, USA, the American Canadian Islam Federation and the Muslim Students Association, USA - Canada, in an effort to determine if these groups are legitimate religions, their possible association with foreign governments and whether or not they would be considered as detrimental to the best interests of the United States.

b7C [redacted]

b1 [redacted]

b2D [redacted] UACB, Chicago will continue to report developments in the semi-annual reports on the Nation of Islam.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Chicago, Illinois
December, 22, 1964 CONFIDENTIAL

[redacted]

67D [redacted]

INTERNAL SECURITY - MISCELLANEOUS

The following organizations are characterized in latter pages:

Nation of Islam

Muslim Mosque, Inc.

Nation of Islam Mosque #7
New York City

Orgapization of Afro-American Unity

Classified by [redacted] 8267TAE/WEB/dd
Declassify on: OADR 12/29/83
per release 12/29/83
190-10535-9 & 190-5009-13

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

APPROPRIATE [redacted] FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED - SLIP(S) DATE 5/16-17 DMF-DC

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
ADVISED - SLIP(S) DATE 12/29/65 Clark DMF

[redacted]

ENCLOSURE
100-399321-
~~ENCLOSURE~~

CONFIDENTIAL

4-750 (2-7-79)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

9 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

☒ Deleted under exemption(s) (b)(1), (b)(7)(D) with no segregable material available for release to you.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.

☐ Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) _____ _____, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

_____ Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); _____ _____ as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

_____

_____

☐ For your information: _____

_____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
100-399321-Not Recorded 12/20/64 pages 2-10

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X DELETED PAGE(S) X
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FBI/DOJ

RE: [redacted] [redacted]

67D

1. **APPENDIX**

CONFIDENTIAL

NATION OF ISLAM, Formerly Referred to as the Muslim Cult of Islam, aka. Muhammad's Temples of Islam

In January, 1957, a source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD has described his organization on a nationwide basis as the "Nation of Islam" and "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

On May 8, 1964, a second source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD is the national leader of the Nation of Islam (NOI); Muhammad's Temple of Islam No. 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, is the national headquarters of the NOI; and in mid-1960 MUHAMMAD and other NOI officials, when referring to MUHAMMAD's organization on a nationwide basis, commenced using either "Mosque" or "Temple" when mentioning one of "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

The NOI is an all-Negro organization which was originally organized in 1930 in Detroit, Michigan. MUHAMMAD claims to have been selected by Allah, the Supreme Being, to lead the so-called Negro race out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation in the United States. Members following MUHAMMAD's teachings and his interpretation of the "Koran" believe there is no such thing as a Negro; that the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "white devils," in the United States; and that the white race, because of its exploitation of the so-called Negroes, must and will be destroyed in the approaching "War of Armageddon."

In the past, officials and members of the NOI, including MUHAMMAD, have refused to register under the provisions of the Selective Service Acts and have declared that members owe no allegiance to the United States.

On May 5, 1958, the first source advised MUHAMMAD had, upon advice of legal counsel, tempered his personal statements and instructions to his ministers concerning the principles of his organization in order to avoid possible prosecution by the United States Government; however, he did not indicate any fundamental changes in the teachings of his organization.

On May 7, 1964, a third source advised MUHAMMAD [illegible] early in July, 1958, decided to de-emphasize the religious aspects of the teachings of Islam and to stress the economic benefits to be derived by those Negroes who joined the NOI. This policy change, according to MUHAMMAD, would help him acquire additional followers and create more interest in his programs.

CONFIDENTIAL

[redacted]

61D RE: [redacted] [redacted]

APPENDIX

CONFIDENTIAL

MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED

The March 13, 1964, edition of "The New York Times," a daily newspaper published in New York, New York, contained an article on page 20 which indicated that MALCOLM X (LITTLE), former national official of the Nation of Islam (NOI) and Minister of NOI Mosque #7, New York, who broke with the NOI on March 8, 1964, publicly announced in New York City on March 12, 1964, that he had formed the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI). The MMI, according to the article, would be a broadly based politically oriented black nationalist movement for Negroes only, financed by voluntary contributions. In this public statement MALCOLM X urged Negroes to abandon the doctrine of non-violence when it is necessary to defend themselves in the civil rights struggle, and he also suggested that Negroes form rifle clubs to protect their lives and property in times of emergencies in areas where the government is unable or unwilling to protect them.

Incorporation papers of the MMI filed on March 16, 1964, with the Business Section, Clerk of Courts, New York County, New York, New York, reflect that the MMI was incorporated under the Religious Corporation Law of the State of New York to work for the imparting of the Islamic Faith and Islamic Religion in accordance with "accepted Islamic principles." The principal place of worship to be located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York, New York.

During an appearance over WTW-Television, Cleveland, Ohio, on April 7, 1964, MALCOLM X stated that the MMI does not stand for integration, but for complete freedom, justice, and equality for Negroes. He stated that Islam was the religious philosophy of the MMI, while the political, economic and social philosophy was black nationalism.

On May 15, 1964, a confidential source advised that the headquarters of the MMI are located in Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 Seventh Avenue, New York City, where they were established on March 16, 1964.

APPENDIX

[redacted]

CONFIDENTIAL

RE: [redacted]

APPENDIX

CONFIDENTIAL

NATION OF ISLAM, MOSQUE #7,
NEW YORK CITY

On May 5, 1964, a source advised that the Nation of Islam (NOI) affiliate in New York City is known as Mosque #7, also known as Temple #7, and is located at 102 West 116th Street, New York City. Mosque #7 is part of the NOI headed by ELIJAH MUHAMMAD, with headquarters in Chicago, Illinois. Mosque #7 has two branches; Mosque #7B at 105-03 Northern Boulevard, Queens, New York City, and Mosque #7C at 120 Madison Street, Brooklyn, New York. These branches are part of Mosque #7.

The date Mosque #7 originated in New York City is not known.

However, in connection with the origin of Mosque #7, it should be noted that in 1955 a second source advised that there was a Temple of the NOI (known to source then as the Muslim Cult of Islam) in New York City, located at 135th Street and 7th Avenue, as far back as 1947.

[redacted]

APPENDIX

CONFIDENTIAL

RE: [redacted]

[redacted]

APPENDIX

CONFIDENTIAL

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY (OAAU)

On June 28, 1964, MALCOLM X LITTLE, founder and leader of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with himself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic OAAU aims read by MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" people of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as well as "our" brothers and sisters of the African continent. It is patterned after the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May, 1963.

A recording of the remarks of MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the OAAU is to eliminate differences between Negroes so they can work together for "human rights," while the initial objective is to "internationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Nations. LITTLE condemned the non-violent civil rights movement and claims that Negroes should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The OAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes of education, politics, culture, economics and social reform.

On August 19, 1964, a confidential source advised that the headquarters of the OAAU are located in MMI headquarters, Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 7th Avenue, New York City.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

APPENDIX

[redacted]

CONFIDENTIAL

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 12/22/64

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL (Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442235)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-153308)

SUBJECT: ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY
IS-MISCELLANEOUS
OO: NY

There are enclosed herewith for the Bureau [redacted] Detroit, and Jackson, eight, one, and one copies, respectively of a LHM concerning an OAAU public rall[redacted] held in NYC on 12/20/64, at which MALCOLM X was the featured speaker.

[redacted]

ENCLOSURE

cc: Wick

3-Bureau (Encls 8)(RM)
[redacted] (Encl 1)(RM)
[redacted] (Encl 1)(RM)
1-New York (105-8999)(MALCOLM X)(43)
[redacted] 43)
1-New York (100-152759)(MMI)(43)
1-New York

[redacted] bab
(10)

REC 16 2 DEC 23 1964

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE [redacted] BY [redacted]

100-399321

NO RECORDED 1965

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI;SEC. SER.; DEPT: ISD, CRD, [redacted]
DATE FORW: 12/24/64
HOW FORW: [redacted]
BY: [redacted]

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

The LHM is not classified "Confidential" since it concerns remarks made at an open public rally.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

New York, New York
December 22, 1964

Organization of Afro-American Unity
Internal Security - Miscellaneous

Characterizations of the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI), and the Nation of Islam (NOI) are attached hereto and all sources therein have furnished reliable information in the past.

[redacted] advised that the OAAU held a public rally in the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City, from 8:30 p.m. to 10:15 p.m., on December 20, 1964. Approximately 175 persons attended the rally.

b7D

[redacted]

The meeting was opened by OAAU and MMI member Sherron Jackson who introduced the featured speaker, Malcolm X Little, Chairman of the OAAU and leader of the MMI.

Malcolm X spoke on Africa, particularly about the natural resources and industrial potential of that continent. He also stated that the economy of Western Europe and America are dependent on Africa and would collapse if their interests in Africa are lost. This, he

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/16/83 BY 8269 THE/WEB/SC

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100-399721

ENCLOSURE

claimed, is why the United States and European countries are interested in keeping their foothold in Africa by supporting the Congo regime of Moise Tshombe. He praised the Mau Mau, an anti-white terrorist group that formerly operated in Kenya, and indicated that a Mau Mau was needed in the United States to win freedom and equality for Negroes. He also claimed that black people in America should align themselves with black people of Africa.

Malcolm X also talked about the future of the OAAU indicating that its new philosophy will be one of "alignment with Africa." He stated that the first step in this program will be to teach the Negroes to think along this line after which they can set up a definite program.

Malcolm X also remarked that he had been asked if the newspaper, "The Militant", was his paper since it gave him so much publicity. He stated that it was not his paper but that it was a good paper and he urged everyone to buy and read it.

"The Militant" is a weekly newspaper of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP).

The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

Following his speech Malcolm X introduced Milton Henry, an attorney from Detroit, Michigan, who was an unsuccessful candidate there for an unknown office during the 1964 election of the all Negro Freedom Now Party (FNP). He expressed disappointment over the election and blamed the failure of the FNP on the "established political machine."

Organization of Afro-American Unity

Malcolm X also introduced Mrs. Fannie Lou Hamer of Ruleville, Mississippi, a leader of the Democratic Freedom Party of Mississippi. She spoke briefly on their efforts to block the seating of Mississippi's five United States Representatives next January, since, as she claims, the five were not legally elected.

Musical entertainment at the rally was provided by an all Negro choral group known as the "Freedom Singers".

1. APPENDIX

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY (OAAU)

On June 28, 1964, MALCOLM X LITTLE, founder and leader of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with himself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City.

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A recording of the remarks of MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the OAAU is to eliminate differences between Negroes so they can work together for "human rights," while the initial objective is to "internationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Nations. LITTLE condemned the non-violent civil rights movement and claims that Negroes should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The OAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes of education, politics, culture, economics and social reform.

On August 19, 1964, a confidential source advised that the headquarters of the OAAU are located in MMI headquarters, Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 7th Avenue, New York City.

1. APPENDIX

NATION OF ISLAM, formerly referred to as the Muslim Cult of Islam, also known as Muhammad's Temples of Islam

In January, 1957, a source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD has described his organization on a nationwide basis as the "Nation of Islam," (NOI) and "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

On May 8, 1964, a second source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD is the national leader of the NOI; Muhammad's Temple of Islam No. 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, is the national headquarters of the NOI; and in mid-1960, MUHAMMAD and other NOI officials, when referring to MUHAMMAD'S organization on a nationwide basis, commenced using either "Mosque" or "Temple" when mentioning one of "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

The NOI is an all-Negro organization which was originally organized in 1930 in Detroit, Michigan. MUHAMMAD claims to have been selected by Allah, the Supreme Being, to lead the so-called Negro race out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation in the United States. Members following MUHAMMAD'S teachings and his interpretation of the "Koran" believe there is no such thing as a Negro; that the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "white devils," in the United States; and that the white race, because of its exploitation of the so-called Negroes, must and will be destroyed in the approaching "War of Armageddon."

In the past, officials and members of the NOI, including MUHAMMAD, have refused to register under the provisions of the Selective Service Acts and have declared that members owe no allegiance to the United States.

On May 5, 1958, the first source advised MUHAMMAD had, upon advice of legal counsel, tempered his personal statements and instructions to his ministers concerning the principles of his organization in order to avoid possible prosecution by the United States Government; however, he did not indicate any fundamental changes in the teachings of his organization.

1. APPENDIX

MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED (MMI)

The March 13, 1964, edition of "The New York Times," a daily newspaper published in New York, New York, contained an article on page 20 which indicated that MALCOLM X (LITTLE), former national official of the Nation of Islam (NOI) who broke with the NOI on March 8, 1964, publicly announced in New York City on March 12, 1964, that he had formed the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI). The MMI, according to the article would be a broadly based politically oriented black nationalist movement for Negroes only, financed by voluntary contributions. In this public statement MALCOLM X urged Negroes to abandon the doctrine of non-violence when it is necessary to defend themselves in the civil rights struggle, and he also suggested that Negroes form rifle clubs to protect their lives and property in time of emergencies in areas where the government is unable or unwilling to protect them.

Incorporation papers of the MMI filed on March 16, 1964, with the Business Section, Clerk of Courts, New York County, New York, New York, reflect that the MMI was incorporated under the Religious Corporation Law of the State of New York to work for the imparting of the Islamic Faith and Islamic Religion in accordance with "accepted Islamic principals." The principal place of worship to be located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York, New York.

The May 23, 1964, edition of the "New York Amsterdam News," a weekly Negro newspaper published in New York City, contained an article by columnist JAMES BOOKER in which he indicated that he had heard that the visit by MALCOLM X with Muslim leaders during his African tour has changed him to become soft in his anti-white feelings and to become more religious.

On October 6, 1964, a confidential source advised that the MMI is apparently affiliated with the true orthodox Islamic Religion through its affiliation with the Islamic Foundation (of New York), 1 Riverside Drive, New York City. The only teachings of the MMI are on the Islamic Religion.

A second confidential source advised on October 20, 1964, that the headquarters of the MMI are located in Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 Seventh Avenue, New York, New York, where they were established on March 16, 1964. These headquarters are shared with the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU) which is also headed by MALCOLM X.

2. **APPENDIX**

NATION OF ISLAM, formerly referred to as the Muslim Cult of Islam, also known as Muhammad's Temples of Islam

On May 7, 1964, a third source advised Muhammad had, early in July, 1958, decided to de-emphasize the religious aspects of the teachings of Islam and to stress the economic benefits to be derived by those Negroes who joined the NOI. This policy change, according to MUHAMMAD, would help him acquire additional followers and create more interest in his programs.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

399321

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321) DATE: 12/30/64

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (105-8999)

SUBJECT: MALCOLM K. LITTLE aka
IS-NMI
(OO: NEW YORK)

b7C

Subject appeared on the LES CRANE TV Show on 12/28/64 at NYC which was reviewed by SA [redacted] The LES CRANE TV Show begins at 11:30 p. m. until 1 a.m., Monday thru Friday on Channel 7, NYC. Subject was introduced as MALCOLM X and appeared on the show for about 20 minutes. Important parts about this interview are as follows:

When asked why he broke away from the NOI, MALCOLM said that he did break away from the NOI but that the reasons for breaking away would serve no purpose on this show. He said he considered himself a true Muslim who believed in brotherhood of all people where as the NOI Muslims do not believe in brotherhood of anyone but Negroes. When asked why he preaches that Negroes should take arms to protect themselves, MALCOLM said that just because he believes in brotherhood does not mean that he should not protect himself. He said that if the Government and the FBI cannot protect Negroes in a specific area that Negroes should organize and have rifles to protect themselves. He said that he does not want the Negro to break any law but that vigilante groups are being organized at the present time in NY to protect themselves in their neighborhood and that these vigilante groups do not seem to have any trouble with the local police, and therefore he can not see any reason why Negroes themselves cannot organize to protect themselves. He said that Negroes are going to have to help themselves. He then mentioned that he has organized a group called the "ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY" which will help the Negroes to unite and help themselves.

2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - New York (100-153380) (ORAU)
1 - New York

JCS:ats
(4)

REC-2 100-399321-203

Ex-12

b7C DEC 31 1964

60 JAN 7 1965

[redacted]

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/16/83 BY 326 JTH/ues/dc

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: 12/29/64

FROM :

SUBJECT: MALCOLM X LITTLE
INTERNAL SECURITY - MUSLIM MOSQUE, INC.

At approximately 11:30 a.m., 12/29/64, Security Supervisor of our Philadelphia Office called to advise that information had been received to the effect that Malcolm X, leader of the Muslim Mosque, Inc., which is under current investigation,

it has been determined that Malcolm X is, in fact, scheduled to appear on a popular Negro program known as the Joe Rainey Show, which is broadcast over Radio Station WDAS in Philadelphia. This show goes on the air at 11:00 p.m. each evening.

REC-55 100-399321-204
JAN 5 1965

EX-102

(5)
1-Mr. Belmont
1-Mr. Sullivan
1
1

(CONTINUED - OVER)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12/16/83 BY

GO JAN 7 1965

Memo to Mr. Sullivan
RE: MALCOLM X
INTERNAL SECURITY - MMI

In addition, [redacted] on 12/26/64, Malcolm X was in Philadelphia and appeared on the Red Benson radio show, which is broadcast over Radio Station WPEN. This show is open to visitors.

b7C, b7D

[redacted]

b7D

[redacted]

b7D

ACTION:

[redacted]

b7D, b7C

W-295

TRUE COPY

[redacted]

Dear Mr. Hoover:

On Sunday night, December 20, 1964 at 11:00 p. m; N. B. C. had a televised news program. Part of the program was a speech by a person who uses the alias "Malcolm X" to an audience in Harlem.

"Malcolm X" used offensive and inflammatory language which implied that members of his group should use "bullets not ballots" and that a "Mau-mau" organization should be formed in Mississippi, Alabama and Harlem. b7C

I would like to recommend that you obtain a tape of this person's abusive speech. In my opinion the speech contains sufficient grounds for an investigation.

Very truly yours,

[redacted]

[redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/16/83 BY 8269 THE/LWE/KAT

100-399321-
RECORDED
191 JAN 7 1965

b7C

1-TC 12-28-64
blk
ack 12-29-64
[redacted] blk
b7C
mnl

[redacted]

December 29, 1964

100-399321-

[redacted]
b7C

Dear [redacted]

Your letter of December 21st has been received, and I certainly appreciate your thoughtfulness in writing.

Enclosed is some material I hope you will find of interest.

Sincerely yours,
J. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 4
DEC 28 1964
COMM-FBI

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/16/83 BY 8269 JHE/WEB/dd

Enclosures (3)
Our Heritage of Greatness
Time For Decision
U.S. News & World Report 12-21-64
1 - New York - Enclosure
Attention SAC: [redacted]

b7C

NOTE: Information concerning Malcolm X is previously known to the Bureau.

[redacted]olk
(4)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
DeLoach
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

JAN 12 1965

MAIL ROOM [ ] TELETYPE UNIT [ ]

CLASSIFIED BY [redacted]

(Rev. 5-22-64)

F B I

Date: 12/30/64

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, BOSTON (100-35816)

SUBJECT: ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY
IS - OAAU

CARBON COPY

[redacted] MALCOLM LITTLE had visited Boston on 12/16/64 to participate in the Harvard University Ford Hall Forum at Cambridge, Mass. He later appeared on the Jerry Williams Radio Program, station WMEX, Boston, Mass. The latter appearance was arranged for LITTLE [redacted] at LITTLE's request.

[redacted] both the Ford Hall Forum and the radio show fell into the usual format established by LITTLE in his public appearances and nothing new took place.

6-Bureau (RM)
(3 - Organization of Afro-American Unity)
[redacted]
(1 - MALCOLM LITTLE) [redacted]
3-New York (RM)
(1 - [redacted] (1 - OAAU) (1 - MALCOLM LITTLE - 105-8999)
3-Chicago (RM)
[redacted]
1-Philadelphia (RM) (Info) [redacted]
3-Boston
[redacted]
[redacted] nr
(16)

100-399321
NOT RECORDED
202 JAN 6 1965

Approved _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

5 8 JAN 12 1965

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/16/83 BY 8269 JHE/wed

100-441235-30

[redacted] LITTLE has a foreign born Muslim from one of the African countries living at his home. This person has been sent to New York to help LITTLE set up his mosque in New York [redacted]

LITTLE hopes to set up mosques in New York, Philadelphia, and Boston.

LITTLE has twenty scholarships for a University in Egypt, good for a two year period with all expenses paid.

[redacted] it was hinted [redacted] that [redacted] would break away from the Muslims and possibly join up with [redacted] LITTLE.

[redacted]

Dissemination to Boston files is being made by separate memorandum.

4-750 (2-7-79)

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

8 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

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☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.

☒ Document(s) originating with [redacted] appropriate agency _____, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

_____ Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); _____ _____ as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

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_____

☐ For your information: _____

_____

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X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FBI/DOJ

5-12 (Rev. 12-16-64)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

SECRET 1/24, 1965

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel

[redacted] b7C

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

Foreign Liaison,
850 RB

[redacted] b7C

Mr. [redacted]
Room

Classified by 8269 TM/dwg
Declassify on: GADR 12/16/83

___See Me Please
___Call Me Please
___Per Call
___Please Handle
___Note Status and Return
___Please Note and Return
___Place on Record and Return
___Post in File and Destroy O-1 or FD-205
Send File UTD

___Records
___Routing Unit
___Ident Division
___Name Searching, 6527 JB
___Mail Room, 5531
___Reading Room, 5533
___Teletype Room, 5646
___Courier Service, 1522
___Expedite Processing

b1

[redacted]

SECRET

Liaison Section

100-399321-205

4-750 (Rev. 4-17-85)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
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☐ Deleted under exemption(s) _____ with no segregable material available for release to you.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.

☒ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

_____ Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

_____

_____

☐ For your information: _____

_____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

100-399321-206

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X DELETED PAGE(S) X
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
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FBI/DOJ

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JAN 6 1965

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TELETYPE

FBI NEW YORK

11-21 PM URGENT 1-6-65 DAE

TO DIRECTOR -19- 100-399321. ENCODED

FROM NEW YORK 105-2999

I

MALCOLM K LITTLE AKA, IS-MMI.

[redacted] b7C

[redacted] b7D

[redacted] MALCOLM X IS IN MONTREAL, CANADA

AND IS EXPECTED TO RETURN ONE SEVEN SIXTY FIVE. [redacted]

[redacted]

END AND PLS HOLD.....

REC-63 100-399321-207

1 - Ottawa (Enc)
1-NY

1/8/65

b7C [redacted] baf

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/16/83 BY 8269 JHE/WEB/dd

16 JAN 13 1965

[redacted] b7C

CONFIDENTIAL 1/8/65

Airtel

b7C [redacted]

To: LEGAT, Ottawa (3)

From: Director, FBI (100-399321) 207

MALCOLM K. LITTLE
INTERNAL SECURITY - MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED

Enclosed is one copy of New York teletype dated 1/6/65 indicating that subject was in Canada and expected to return on January 7, last. [redacted]

b1 [redacted] 1C

For your information, Malcolm Little is a former National official of the Nation of Islam. In March, 1964, he formed the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated, a broadly based black nationalist movement, and in late June, 1964, formed a nonwhite civil rights action group called the "Organization of Afro-American Unity." Little recently returned from an extended visit to Africa and in December made a short trip to England. In connection with his activities, subject has urged Negroes to abandon all nonviolence when it is necessary to defend themselves in the civil rights struggle and has suggested that Negroes form rifle clubs to protect their lives and property in times of emergencies. For your additional information, the subject is on the Security Index of the New York Office.

Enclosure

1 - New York (105-8999)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

b7C 1 - Foreign Liaison Unit (Route through for review)
[redacted]baf
(8)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
DeLoach
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAILED 4
JAN 8 1965
FBI

Classified by 2D69TDK/RDP/dal
Declassify on: OADR 12/16/83

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/16/83 BY 2D69TDK/RDP/dal

MAIL ROOM ☑ TELETYPE UNIT ☐ CONFIDENTIAL

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 1/8/65

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL (Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK [redacted]

SUBJECT: [redacted] MALCOLM K. LITTLE

Enclosed herewith are the original and four copies of an LHM, along with an equal number of evaluation memoranda, dated and captioned as above.

[redacted]

CONSOLIDATION

100-399321

ENCLOSURE

RECORDED
150 JAN 22 1965

3-Bureau (Encs.10) (RM)
1-New York [redacted]

[redacted] EG

(5) ENCLOSURE

1965

ORIGINAL FILED IN

4-750 (2-7-79)

XXXXXX
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XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

1 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

☒ Deleted under exemption(s) (b)(1) with no segregable material available for release to you.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.

☐ Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) _____ _____, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

_____ Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); _____ _____ as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

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☐ For your information: _____

_____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
105-399321-Not Recorded

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X DELETED PAGE(S) X
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

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XXXXXX

FBI/DOJ

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

New York, New York
January 8, 1965

[redacted]

CONFIDENTIAL (S)

b1

[redacted] a meeting of the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU) was held at the Audubon Ballroom, 166th Street and Broadway, New York City, on December 13, 1964. [redacted] that approximately 2,000 persons were in attendance and that Malcolm X (Little) was the main speaker.

b7D

[redacted]

[redacted] an OAAU rally was held on December 13, 1964 at the Audubon Ballroom. [redacted] Malcolm X were featured speakers at this rally.

b7D

[redacted]

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADV... SENT ... DATE ...

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

CONFIDENTIAL

[redacted]

Classified by 6[redacted] 2/4/04
Exempt from GDS ... category 3
Date of Declassification Indefinate
5-13-77

100-399321-

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE

[redacted] (S)

b1
b7D

[redacted]

A characterization of the OAAU is located in the Appendix.

b7C

[redacted]

A characterization of the May 2nd Committee is located in the Appendix.

b1

[redacted] (S)

[redacted] (S)

[redacted] (S)

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

b1 [redacted]s

1. APPENDIX CONFIDENTIAL

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY (OAAU)

On June 28, 1964, MALCOLM X LITTLE, founder and leader of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with himself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic OAAU aims read by MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" people of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as well as "our" brothers and sisters on the African continent. It is patterned after the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May, 1963.

A recording of the remarks of MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the OAAU is to eliminate differences between Negroes so they can work together for "human rights," while the initial objective is to "internationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Nations. LITTLE condemned the non-violent civil rights movement and claims that Negroes should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The OAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes of education, politics, culture, economics and social reform.

On August 19, 1964, a confidential source advised that the headquarters of the OAAU are located in MMI headquarters, Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 7th Avenue, New York City.

b1 [redacted]S

APPENDIX

CONFIDENTIAL

MAY 2nd COMMITTEE

A source advised on April 17, 1964 that the May 2nd Committee was organized at New Haven, Connecticut on March 14, 1964, by young people participating in the Yale Socialist Union Conference "Socialism in America". The original aim of the May 2nd Committee was to plan and execute a demonstration in New York City on May 2, 1964 to demand withdrawal of United States troops from South Viet Nam.

CONFIDENTIAL

[redacted]

[redacted]

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

New York, New York
January 8, 1965

CONFIDENTIAL

b1 [redacted]

Reference is made to the memorandum dated and captioned as above.

b7D [redacted]

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CONFIDENTIAL
Group 1
Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification

FD-366 (5-6-64)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York

January 14,1965

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

BUfile 100-399321
NYfile 105- 8999

SUBJECT: MALCOLM K. LITTLE

REFERENCE: Memorandum dated 6/8/64.

Referenced communication contained subject's residence and/or employment address. A recent change has been determined and is being set forth below (change only specified):

Residence:

Employment: Founder and Leader, Muslim Mosque, Inc. (MMI), and Founder and Chairman of Organization of Afro-American Unity, (OAAU), Suite 128 2090 Seventh Avenue, New York, New York

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12/16/83 BY 8269 THE/WEB/dd

FD-122 DETACHED

100-391321
NOT RECORDED
6 JAN 18 1965

Copy to Secret Service by routing slip for [ ] info [ ] action dated 2/4/65 by FBI Smot

SUBJECT

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64 FEB 5 1965

FD-122 (Rev. 4-17-63)
OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (Bufile- 100-399321) DATE: 1/14/65

FROM SAC, NEW YORK (105- 8999)

SUBJECT: MALCOLM K. LITTLE
IS - C
(OO: NEW YORK)

Cards UTD
Cards Sent 00
1/29/65

☐ It is recommended that a Security Index Card be prepared on the above-captioned individual.

☒ The Security Index Card on the captioned individual should be changed as follows (*specify change only*):

Name		
Aliases: Add: M. KHALIL		
☐ Native Born	☐ Naturalized	☐ Alien
☐ Communist	☐ Socialist Workers Party	☐ Independent Socialist League
☐ Miscellaneous (*specify*) _____		
☐ Tab for Detcom	Race	Sex ☐ Male ☐ Female
Date of Birth	Place of Birth	
Business Address (*show name of employing concern and address*): Founder and Leader, Muslim Mosque, Inc. (MMI), also Founder & Chairman of Organization of Afro-American Unity, (OAAU) Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 7th Avenue New York, New York		
Key Facility Data Geographical Reference Number _____ Responsibility _____ Interested Agencies _____		
Residence Address		

MCT-1 100-399321

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12/16/08 BY 8269 JTS/sbr/lcd

NOT RECORDED
6 JAN 18 1965

b7C

2-Bureau (RM)
1-New York
[redacted] cmc
(3)

b7C

64 FEB 1 1965
REGISTERED MAIL

M. F. ROW

SECRET

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
MEMORANDUM

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (105-8999) DATE: 1/15/65

SUBJECT: MALCOLM K. LITTLE
aka
IS-MMI

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF 1/18/65

[redacted] (3)

[redacted] (5)

[redacted] (5)

[redacted] (5)

The article on MALCOLM X in the Chinese Communist New China News Agency was furnished by the American Consulate General, Hong Kong B.C.C. set out in LHM as [redacted] b7D

LHM is being classified "Secret" in view of the fact that information contained in said LHM was taken from CIA communication classified "Secret".

Classified by 2269 JHE/wcb/dd
Declassify on: OADR
per CIA letter 7/26/80
190-5009-15 + 11/18/86
CIA letter 8/26/86
State letter 12/18/86

4- Bureau (Encls.7) (RM)
(1- 100-442235) (OAAU)
4- New York
(1- 100-152759) (MMI)
(1- 100-153308) (OAAU)
(1- [redacted]

[redacted] pgh
(8)

b7C

REC-9 100-399321-208

1- ENCLOSURE

18 JAN 18 1965

EX-102

[redacted] b7C

Copy sent to State, AAG Yeagley
by routing slip for
[x] info [ ] action
dated 1/25/65
by [redacted] b7C

SECRET

58 JAN 28 1965

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

EXACT COPY AND COPY OF ENCL FILED IN

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
New York, New York

JANUARY 15,1965

~~SECRET~~

Malcolm K. Little
Internal Security - Muslim Mosque, Inc.

b1
b3

[redacted] (S)

[redacted] (S)

b7C

[redacted] S

[redacted] S

[redacted] (S)

b1
b3

~~SECRET~~
Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification

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Classified by 8269 THE/WFB/dcd
12/16/83
Declassify on: OADR

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

per CIA letter 11/26/80

100-399321-206

190-5004-15

per CIA letter 8/26/86

ENCLOS[illegible]

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.

☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

_____ Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

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☐ For your information: _____

_____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

100-399321-208 pages 2-5

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X DELETED PAGE(S) X
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

Malcolm K. Little

[redacted]

b1
b3

A characterization of the OAU is attached herewith and sources therein have furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D [redacted] a confidential source abroad made available on 12-8-64 a copy of the Chinese Communist New China News Agency (NCNA) at Hong Kong, B.C.C., contained an article captioned "American Negro Leader Hails China's Nuclear Test". This article datelined "Accra 11/5/64" states "Malcolm X, the American Negro leader now on a visit here, today hailed China's successful explosion of its first atom bomb as 'the greatest thing that has ever happened in the 20th century to the black people. (U) per state letter 12/18/64

U

Malcolm K. Little

"In an interview with NCNA here he said that China's nuclear test helped not only the cause of the Afro-Americans, but also that of all people of the world fighting against the imperialists.

"He praised the Chinese Government's proposal for a world summit conference to discuss the complete prohibition and thorough destruction of nuclear weapons. It was indeed 'a very good suggestion', he said.

"Referring to the present struggle of the American Negroes in the firm support given to this struggle by the Chinese people, he said that the United States imperialists would never lose their grip on the 22 million colonized American Negroes before the peoples of Asia and Africa cast off the yoke of imperialism and become strong. 'Bearing this in mind, we therefore appreciate the great strides that the Chinese people have made towards true independence in the unlimited contribution they are making to help the oppressed peoples in other parts of the world to throw off the chains of imperialism.'

"He termed the recent President election as a 'farce' which he said hardly had any significance to the American Negroes. 'Both candidates do not seek the interests of the Afro-Americans', he declared.

"There is no difference between Johnson and Goldwater, he continued, for both serve the interests of United States monopoly capital. 'The only difference between them is that while the one uses the method of a wolf, the other employs the approach of a fox. Both of them are trying to eat us up', he added.

"Johnson tried to represent himself as 'peace loving', but he was the very man who had ordered direct intervention in Leopoldville, Congo, massacred the South Vietnamese people and committed atrocities in other parts of the world, he commented.

100-399321-208

SECRET

Malcolm K. Little

"Commenting on the so called 'Civil Rights Bill' of which Johnson has made a great show,' the American Negro leader said 'It is nothing but a farce designed to fool the Africans, to give them the false impression the the United States is different from South Africa and that the problems (of racial discrimination) in the United States are being solved'. He drew attention to the fact that many Negroes in the United States were killed when the bill was adopted."

SECRET

100-399321-208

Malcolm K. Little

1. APPENDIX

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY (OAAU)

On June 28, 1964, MALCOLM X LITTLE, founder and leader of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with himself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic OAAU aims read by MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" people of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as well as "our" brothers and sisters on the African continent. It is patterned after the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May, 1963.

A recording of the remarks of MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the OAAU is to eliminate differences between Negroes so they can work together for "human rights," while the initial objective is to "internationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Nations. LITTLE condemned the non-violent civil rights movement and claims that Negroes should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The OAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes of education, politics, culture, economics and social reform.

On August 19, 1964, a confidential source advised that the headquarters of the OAAU are located in MMI head-quarters, Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 7th Avenue, New York City.

100-399321-208

Malcolm K. Little

1. APPENDIX

MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED (MMI)

The March 13, 1964, edition of "The New York Times," a daily newspaper published in New York, New York, contained an article on page 20 which indicated that MALCOLM X (LITTLE), former national official of the Nation of Islam (NOI) who broke with the NOI on March 8, 1964, publicly announced in New York City on March 12, 1964, that he had formed the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI). The MMI, according to the article would be a broadly based politically oriented black nationalist movement for Negroes only, financed by voluntary contributions. In this public statement MALCOLM X urged Negroes to abandon the doctrine of non-violence when it is necessary to defend themselves in the civil rights struggle, and he also suggested that Negroes form rifle clubs to protect their lives and property in time of emergencies in areas where the government is unable or unwilling to protect them.

Incorporation papers of the MMI filed on March 16, 1964, with the Business Section, Clerk of Courts, New York County, New York, New York, reflect that the MMI was incorporated under the Religious Corporation Law of the State of New York to work for the imparting of the Islamic Faith and Islamic Religion in accordance with "accepted Islamic principals." The principal place of worship to be located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York, New York.

The May 23, 1964, edition of the "New York Amsterdam News," a weekly Negro newspaper published in New York City, contained an article by columnist JAMES BOOKER in which he indicated that he had heard that the visit by MALCOLM X with Muslim leaders during his African tour has changed him to become soft in his anti-white feelings and to become more religious.

On October 6, 1964, a confidential source advised that the MMI is apparently affiliated with the true orthodox Islamic Religion through its affiliation with the Islamic Foundation (of New York), 1 Riverside Drive, New York City. The only teachings of the MMI are on the Islamic Religion.

A second confidential source advised on October 20, 1964, that the headquarters of the MMI are located in Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 Seventh Avenue, New York, New York, where they were established on March 16, 1964. These headquarters are shared with the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU) which is also headed by MALCOLM X.

100-399321-208

SECRET

CONFIDENTIAL

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

January 11, 1965

MALCOLM K. LITTLE

[redacted]

61

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

12/16/29
Classified by 2269 JAE
Declassify on: OADR

SECRET

[redacted] 100-399321-209

CONFIDENTIAL

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

ENCLOSURE

SECRET

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (100-399321) DATE: 1/11/65

FROM : Legat, London (100-3313)(RUC)

SUBJECT: MALCOLM K. LITTLE
IS - MMI

CONFIDENTIAL

Remylet 12/9/64.

b1

[redacted]

As there are no further leads outstanding this case is being placed in a RUC status.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

2 - Bureau (6 encls.)
1 - Liaison (sent direct)
1 - London
[redacted]rn

b7C

6 ENCLOSURE

APPROPRIATE FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF [redacted] DATE

[redacted]

Classified by 8269 JHE/lwe
Declassify on: OADR

REC-9 100-399321-259

Copy to 1cc each encl - State, CIA, AAG Yeagley
1cc each encl - New York

by routing slip for
info action
date 1/26/65
by [redacted]

b7C

EX-108

21 JAN 18 1965

b7C

CONFIDENTIAL

SECRET

Classified by [redacted]
Exempt from GDS Category
Date of Declassification Indefinate
5-13-77

[redacted]

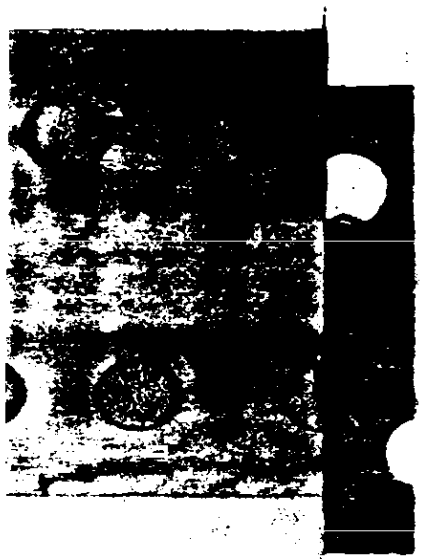
1-ACRON
F.B.I.
24 JAN 28 1965

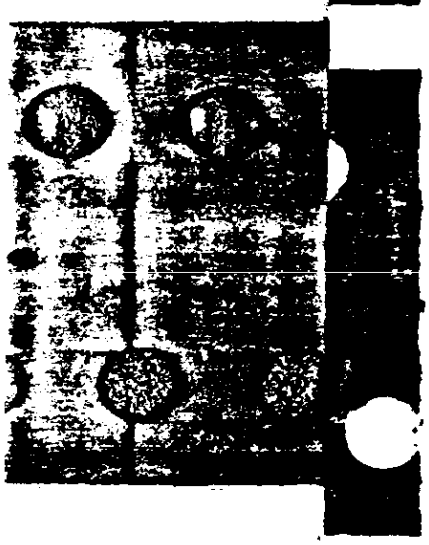
transcribed from a t.v. telediphone recording

EXTRACT FROM GALLERY

"MALCOLM X"

recorded from transmission 2215 3rd December 1964





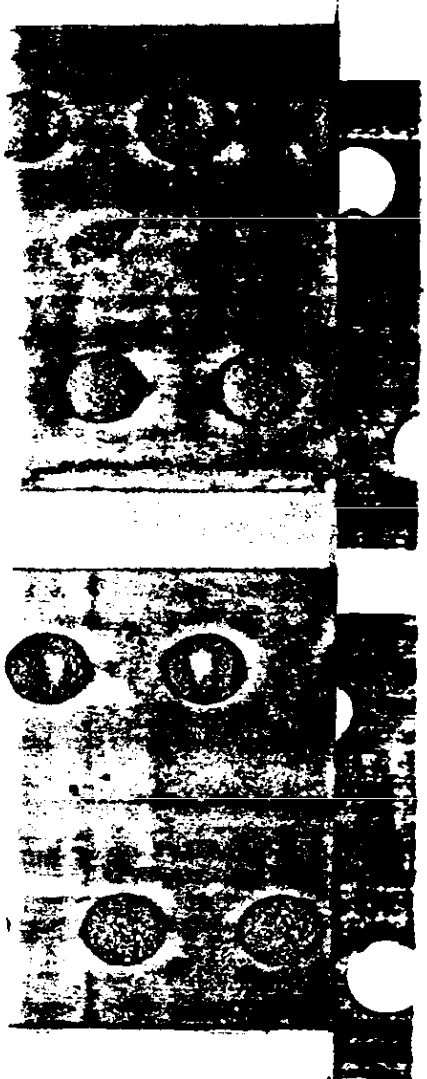
MALCOLM X: .... You make my point, that as long as a white man does it it's all right -- a black man is supposed to have no feelings. (APPLAUSE) But when a black man strikes back he's an extremist; he's supposed to sit passively and have no feelings, be non-violent, and love his enemy - no matter what kind of attack, be it verbal or otherwise, he's supposed to take it. But if he stands up and in any way tries to defend himself, ha, ha, ha, ha, then he's an extremist. (APPLAUSE) No, I think that the speaker who preceded me is getting exactly what he asked for. My reason for believing in extremism, intelligently directed extremism, extremism in defence of liberty, extremism in quest of justice, is because I firmly believe in my heart that the day that the black man takes an uncompromising step and realises that he is within his rights - when his own freedom is being jeopardised - to use any means necessary to bring about his freedom, will put a halt to that injustice -- I don't think he'll be by himself. I live in America where there are only twenty-two-million blacks against probably a hundred-and-sixty-million whites. One of the reasons that I'm in no way reluctant or hesitant to do whatever is necessary to see that black people do something to protect themselves -- I honestly believe that the day that they do, many whites will have more respect for them, and that there'll be more whites on their side than are now on their side with these little wishy-washy love-thy-enemy approach that they've been using up to now. And if I'm wrong then you are racialists. (APPLAUSE)

As I said earlier in my conclusion, I'm a Moslem; I believe in the religion of Islam; I believe in Allah, I believe in Mohammed, I believe in all of the prophets. I believe in fasting, prayer, charity, and that which is incumbent upon a Moslem to fulfil in order to be a Moslem. In April I was fortunate to make the Hoj to Mecca, and went back again in September, to try and carry out my religious functions and requirements. But at the same time that I believe in that religion, I have to point out that I'm also an American negro, and I live in a society whose social system is based upon the castration of the black man, whose political system is based on castration of the black man, and whose economy is based upon the castration of the black man. A society which in 1964 has more subtle, deceptive, deceitful methods to make the rest of the world think that it's cleaning up its house, while at the same time the same things are happening to us in 1964 that happened in 1954, 1924 and in 1984 -- they came up with what they call a Civil Rights Bill in 1964, supposedly to solve our problem, and after the Bill was signed three civil rights workers were murdered in cold blood. And the F.B.I. head - Hoover - admits that they know who did it, they've known ever since it happened, and they've done nothing about it. Civil Rights Bill down the drain. No matter how many Bills pass, black people in that country, where I'm from, still - our lives are not worth two cents. And the government has shown its inability, or either its unwillingness to do whatever is necessary to protect life and property where the black American

is concerned. So my contention is that whenever a people come to the conclusion that the government which they have supported proves itself unwilling, or proves itself unable to protect our lives and protect our property because have the wrong colour/skin; we are not human beings unless we ourselves band together and do whatever, however, whenever is necessary to see that our lives and our property is protected. And I doubt that any person in here would refuse to do the same thing were he in the same position -- or I should say were he in the same condition. (APPLAUSE)

Just one step farther to see am I justified in this stand. And I say I'm not speaking -- I'm speaking as a black man from America, which is a racist society -- no matter how much you hear talk about democracy, it's as racist as South Africa, or as racist as Portugal, or as racist as any other racialist society on this earth. The only difference between it and South Africa, South Africa preaches separation and practices separation: America preaches integration and practices segregation; this is the only difference - they don't practice what they preach. Whereas South Africa preaches and practices the same thing. I have more respect for a man who lets me know where he stands - even if he's wrong, than one who comes up like an angel, and is nothing but a devil. (APPLAUSE)

The system of government that America has consists of committees. (LAUGHTER) There are sixteen senatorial committees that govern the country, and twenty congressional committees. Ten of the sixteen senatorial committees are in the hands of southern racialists - senators who were racialists. Thirteen of the twenty -- this was before the last election, and I think it's even more so now - ten of the sixteen committees - senatorial committees - are in the hands of senators who are southern racialists; thirteen of the twenty congressional committees were in the hands of southern congressmen who were racialist. Which means that out of the thirty-six committees that govern the foreign and domestic direction of that/ at present thirty-three are in the hands of southern racialists; men who in no way believe in the equality of men; and men who'll do anything within their power to see that the black man never gets to the same seat or to the same level that they're on. The reason that these men, from that area, have that type of power is because America has a seniority system. And these who have that seniority have been there longer than anyone else because the black people in the areas where they live can't vote. And it is only because the black man is deprived of his vote that puts these men in positions of power, that gives them such influence in the government beyond their actual intellectual or political ability, or even beyond the number of people from the areas that they represent. So we have - we can see in that country that no matter what the Federal Government professes to be doing, the power of the Federal Government lies in these committees; and anytime a black man, or any kind of legislation is proposed to benefit the black man or give the black man his just due, we find that it's locked up in these committees right here. And when they let something through the committee, usually it is so trapped up and fixed up that by the time it becomes law, it's a law that can't be enforced. Another example is the Supreme Court's desegregation decision that was handed down in 1954. This is a law; and this law they have not been able to implement this law in New York City, or in Boston, or in Cleveland, or Chicago, or the northern cities.



Cleveland or Chicago or the northern cities. And my contention is that any time you have a country, supposedly a democracy, supposedly the land of the free and the home of the brave and it can't enforce laws, even in the northernmost cosmopolitan and progressive part of it that will benefit a blackman — if those laws can't be enforced or that law can't be enforced, how much heart do you think we will get when they pass some civil rights legislation which only involve more law. If they can't enforce this law they'll never enforce those laws.

So my contention is that we are faced with a racialistic society, a society in which they are deceitful, deceptive and the only way we can bring about a change is to talk the kind of language, to speak the language that they understand. The racialists never understand a peaceful language. The racialist never understands the non-violent language. The racialist we have he's spoken his language to us for four-hundred years. We have been the victim of his brutality. We are the ones who face his dogs that tear the flesh from our limbs. Only because we want to enforce the Supreme Court's decision. We are the ones who have our skulls crushed — not by the Ku Klux Klan, but by policemen, only because we want to enforce what they call the Supreme Court decision.

We are the ones upon whom water hoses are turned with pressure so hard that it rips the clothes from our backs — not men but the clothes from the backs of women and children. You've seen it yourself. Only because we want to enforce what they call the law. Well any time you live in a society supposedly based upon law and it doesn't enforce its own law because the colour of a man's skin happens to be wrong, then I say these people are justified to resort to any means necessary to bring about justice where the Government can't give them justice. (APPLAUSE)

I don't believe in any form of unjustified extremism but I believe that when a man is exercising extremism-a human being, he's exercising extremism in defence of liberty for human beings. It's no vice. And when one is moderate in the pursuit of justice for human beings I think he's a sinner. And I might add, by conclusion, in fact America's one of the best examples when you read its history about extremism. Old Patrick Henry said "liberty or death' — that's extreme, very extreme.

I read once, passingly, about a man named Shakespeare. I only read about him passingly, but I remember one thing he wrote that kind of moved me. He put it in the mouth of Hamlet, I think it was, who said "To be or not to be". He was in doubt about something. Whether it was nobler in the mind of man to suffer the slings and arrows of outrageous fortune in moderation, or to take up arms against the sea of troubles by opposing — ending. And I go for that. If you take up arms you'll end it but if you sit around and wait for the one who's in power to make up his mind that he should end it, you'll be waiting a long time.

And, in my opinion, the young generation of white, black, brown, whatever else there is, you're living at a time of extremism, a time of revolution, a time when there's got to be a change. People in power have misused it and now there has to be a change and a better world has to be built and the only way it's going to be built is with extreme methods and I, for one, will join in with anyone — I don't care what colour you are as long as you want to change this miserable condition that exists on this earth. Thank you. (APPLAUSE)

BEB

4-750 (2-7-79)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

1 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

☐ Deleted under exemption(s) _____ with no segregable material available for release to you.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.

☒ Document(s) originating with the [redacted] appropriate agency _____, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

_____ Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); _____ _____ as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

_____

_____

☐ For your information: _____

_____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
100-39921-210

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X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

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XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FBI/DOJ

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 1/18/65

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (105-8999)

SUBJECT: MALCOLM K LITTLE aka
IS-MMI
(OO:NY)

[redacted] b7C

ReChicago letter to Bureau, 1/15/65.

b7D [redacted] advised SA [redacted] that MALCOLM X will be in Los Angeles from 1/21 to 24/65. NYO has no information available at this time that MALCOLM X plans to travel to Chicago this week. [redacted] been alerted.

LA being advised by separate communication.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 2/16/93 BY 8269 JHE/WEB/dd

1-827 HS

REC 8

100-399321-211

3- Bureau (100-399321) (RM)
1- Chicago (100-33953) (INFO) (RM)
1- New York (100-152759) (MMI)
1- New York (100-153308) (OAAU)
1- New York (105-8999(

JCS:mmh
(8)

11 JAN 19 1965

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 1/15/65

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL (Priority)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (100-33953)

SUBJECT: MALCOLM LITTLE, aka [redacted]
CONFIDENTIAL
IS - MMI

OO: NEW YORK

[redacted]

b7D
b7C

New York should appropriately advise the Bureau and Chicago all known information developed regarding the above. Chicago has developed no information other than the above; however, [redacted] alerted and the Bureau and New York will appropriately be advised of any developments in this regard.

3 - Bureau (RM)
2 - New York (105-8999) (RM)
1 - Chicago (100-33953)

b7C [redacted] acm
(6)

DECLASSIFIED BY 8269 JHE/WEB/lp
ON 12/16/93

REC 8 100-399321-212

EX-117

JAN 22 1965

CONFIDENTIAL

APPROPRIATE FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) ON 5/16/77

C. G. Wick

6 JAN 28 1965

Approved: _____ Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

Classified by 6885
Exempt from GDS Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite
DHL/dt 5-13-77

FD-205 (Rev. 1-10-63)

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

97m

TO: Director, FBI (100-399321) DATE: file 1-18-65

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (105-8999)

SUBJECT: MALCOLM K. LITTLE, AKA
IS-MMI

SOG ACTION:
(Records Branch)

☐ Post and destroy
☐ ~~File~~

This case will be delinquent.

Date of Bureau deadline: 1-18-65

Reason for the delinquency: Report being transcribed

Date the report or necessary communication will reach the Bureau: 1-22-65

AEC zone designation; e.g., OR, CH, etc.:
(This applies only to 116 cases.)

☐ No administrative action necessary.

b7C [redacted] CONTROL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/6/83 BY 8269 THE/hwb/dd



OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442235) DATE: 1/18/65

FROM : SAC, BOSTON (100-35816)

SUBJECT: ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY
IS - OAAU

Re Bureau 0-17 dated 1/4/65 and Boston airtel to Bureau dated 12/30/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are eight copies of a letterhead memorandum concerning the matter set out in referenced Boston airtel.

[redacted]

b7D

This letterhead memorandum is being classified confidential since it contains information which could [redacted] be prejudicial to the defense interest of the United States.

Copies of this letterhead memorandum are being disseminated to New York, Chicago and Philadelphia due to their interest in this matter. A copy is being disseminated locally to the 108th INTG, U. S. Army.

7 - Bureau
(3 - OAAU) (Encs. 8)
(1 - Afro Descendants Uplift Society) (Enc. 1)
(1 - Malcolm Little) (Enc. 1)

b7C [redacted]

3 - New York
(1 - ADUC) (Enc. 1)
(1 - OAAU) (Enc. 1)
(1 - Malcolm Little) (Enc. 1)

2 - Chicago
(1 - OAAU) (Enc. 1)
(1 - ADUS) (Enc. 1)

2 - Philadelphia (Info)
(1 - ADUS) (Enc. 1)

3 - Boston
(1 - 100-35013 ADUS)
(1 - 108th INTG, U. S. Army, Boston)

b7D, b7C [redacted] mm
(1)

100-399321

NOT RECORDED
03 JAN 25 1965

ENCLOSURE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12/12/03 BY 8262 SIE/ucsldd

FEB 3 1965

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-442235-60

CONFIDENTIAL

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

January 18, 1965

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY
INTERNAL SECURITY - ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY

[redacted] Malcolm Little had visited Boston on December 16, 1964 to participate in the Harvard University Ford Hall Forum at Cambridge, Massachusetts. He later appeared on the Jerry Williams Radio Program, station WMEX, Boston, Massachusetts.

[redacted] stated that both the Ford Hall Forum and the radio show fell into the usual format established by Little in his public appearances and nothing new took place.

[redacted] also advised that Malcolm Little was formerly the National representative of Elijah Muhammad who fell into disfavor with Elijah Muhammad and formed his own group known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity. A characterization of the Nation of Islam and the Organization of Afro-American Unity are found in the appendix attached hereto.

[redacted] Little has a foreign born Muslim from one of the African countries living at his home. This person has been sent to New York to help Little set up his mosque in New York. [redacted]

5/11/76 JFK/RJ 8/30/76 JFK/RJ

CONFIDENTIAL
Group 1
Excluded from Automatic downgrading and declassification

ENCLOSURE
100-399321-

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY
INTERNAL SECURITY - ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY

[redacted] Little hopes to set up Mosques in New York, Philadelphia and Boston.

Little has twenty scholarships for a university in Egypt good for a two-year period with all expenses paid.

[redacted]

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

1.

APPENDIX

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY (OAAU)

On June 28, 1964, MALCOLM X LITTLE, founder and leader of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with himself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic OAAU aims read by MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" people of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as well as "our" brothers and sisters on the African continent. It is patterned after the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May, 1963.

A recording of the remarks of MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the OAAU is to eliminate differences between Negroes so they can work together for "human rights," while the initial objective is to "internationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Nations. LITTLE condemned the non-violent civil rights movement and claims that Negroes should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The OAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes of education, politics, culture, economics and social reform.

On August 19, 1964, a confidential source advised that the headquarters of the OAAU are located in MMI headquarters, Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 7th Avenue, New York City.

Organization of Afro-American Unity

1. APPENDIX

NATION OF ISLAM, formerly referred to as the Muslim Cult of Islam, also known as Muhammad's Temples of Islam

In January, 1957, a source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD has described his organization on a nationwide basis as the "Nation of Islam," (NOI) and "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

On May 8, 1964, a second source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD is the national leader of the NOI; Muhammad's Temple of Islam No. 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, is the national headquarters of the NOI; and in mid-1960, MUHAMMAD and other NOI officials, when referring to MUHAMMAD'S organization on a nationwide basis, commenced using either "Mosque" or "Temple" when mentioning one of "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

The NOI is an all-Negro organization which was originally organized in 1930 in Detroit, Michigan. MUHAMMAD claims to have been selected by Allah, the Supreme Being, to lead the so-called Negro race out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation in the United States. Members following MUHAMMAD'S teachings and his interpretation of the "Koran" believe there is no such thing as a Negro; that the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "white devils," in the United States; and that the white race, because of its exploitation of the so-called Negroes, must and will be destroyed in the approaching "War of Armageddon."

In the past, officials and members of the NOI, including MUHAMMAD, have refused to register under the provisions of the Selective Service Acts and have declared that members owe no allegiance to the United States.

On May 5, 1958, the first source advised MUHAMMAD had, upon advice of legal counsel, tempered his personal statements and instructions to his ministers concerning the principles of his organization in order to avoid possible prosecution by the United States Government; however, he did not indicate any fundamental changes in the teachings of his organization.

Organization of Afro-American Unity

2. APPENDIX

NATION OF ISLAM, formerly referred to as the Muslim Cult of Islam, also known as Muhammad's Temples of Islam

On May 7, 1964, a third source advised Muhammad had, early in July, 1958, decided to de-emphasize the religious aspects of the teachings of Islam and to stress the economic benefits to be derived by those Negroes who joined the NOI. This policy change, according to MUHAMMAD, would help him acquire additional followers and create more interest in his programs.

-22-64)

FBI

Date: 1/19/65

Transmit the following in Plain Text
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via Airtel
(Priority)

TO: Director, FBI (100-441765)

FROM: SAC, Philadelphia (100-47471)

SUBJECT: MUSLIM MOSQUE, INC.,
IS - MMI

Re Philadelphia telephone call to Bureau, 12/29/64, and Philadelphia teletypes to Bureau, 12/29/64 and 12/30/64, cc New York.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are eight copies of a LHM entitled as above; three copies for New York; two copies for Chicago, and one copy for Phoenix.

[redacted]

DECLASSIFIED BY [redacted] ON 3/22/96
SPETJG

3 - Bureau (100-441765)(Encl. 8)(RM)
3 - New York (100-152759)(Encl. 3)(RM)
1 - 100-153308 (OAAU)
2 - Chicago (Encl. 2)(RM)
1 - 100-35636 (NOI)
1 - [redacted]
1 - Phoenix (105-93)(NOI)(Encl. 1)(RM)
6 - Philadelphia (100-47471)
1 - [redacted]
1 - 25-26094 (NOI)
1 - 100-47579 (OAAU)

ENCLOSURE

[redacted]

Consolidation; Please ICE 100-399321 OSI

NOT RECORDED
98 JAN 27 1965

NJ, CG, PX, PH, ACSI, NIS, USSS, CGCISS-G&S, CRU notified of declassification

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 3/16/98 BY [redacted]

(Approx. [redacted] MMR) (15) 1/27/65 Sent

Special Agent in Charge

ORIGINAL FILED IN

PH 100-47471

[redacted]

b7D

This LHM is classified confidential inasmuch as information furnished [redacted] could reasonably result [redacted] compromise the future effectiveness thereof.

One copy of this LHM is being furnished Phoenix for information [redacted]

b7D b7D

[redacted]

CONFIDENTIAL

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

January 19 1965

MUSLIM MOSQUE, INC.

[redacted] MALCOLM LITTLE was to appear in Philadelphia on the night of December 26, 1964, and speak on the "Red Benson Show," Radio Station WPEN, Philadelphia, Pa.

[redacted] MALCOLM LITTLE appeared on the "Red Benson Show" which is an interview-type program, Radio Station WPEN, on the night of December 26, 1964. [redacted] advised that this show is held in an auditorium and is open to the public. [redacted] STERLING HOBBS and three other members of the Nation of Islam (NOI) were present at the show for a short period. Members of Muslim Mosque, Inc. (MMI) were guarding MALCOLM at the time.

A characterization of the Nation of Islam, Muhammad's Mosque #12, Philadelphia, the Fruit of Islam, and Muhammad's Mosque, Inc., is included in the appendix of this memorandum.

[redacted] MALCOLM LITTLE would be in Philadelphia on December 29, 1964, to appear on the "Joe Rainey Show," Radio Station WDAS, an interview-type program.

[redacted]

DECLASSIFIED BY 3101 ON 3/22/76 SDP:CG

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
~~Group 1~~
~~Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification~~

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE

100-399321-

4-750 (Rev. 4-17-85)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

4 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

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☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.

☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

____ Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

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☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
100-399321-Not Recorded pages 2, 3, 4, 7

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FBI/DOJ

MUSLIM MOSQUE, INC.

[redacted]

At 2 p.m., MALCOLM LITTLE held a press conference in one of the rooms at the Sheraton Hotel. At the conference MALCOLM spoke to all members of the press first, then representatives of the white press, and then spoke to representatives of the Negro press. MALCOLM told all members of the press that he felt the press was not honest in the coverage of the situation in Africa and that they should show a true picture rather than the distorted picture they were showing. When he spoke to the colored press, MALCOLM told them they were almost as bad as the white press in giving a distorted picture of events in Africa.

At 7:15, MALCOLM LITTLE went to International Muslim Brotherhood, 4637 Lancaster Avenue, Philadelphia. At International Muslim Brotherhood, MALCOLM spoke to approximately 30 to 40 people, the majority of whom were members of MM #12 and members of either the MMI or ADUS. MALCOLM told them all Muslims should enter the Organization of Afro-American Unity which organization MALCOLM described as the one true organization representing Afro-Americans in the United States. MALCOLM stated this organization would work politically and any other ways for the Negro and that the organization intended to bring the United States before the United Nations for the mistreatment of the Negroes in the South. MALCOLM LITTLE with a group of MMI members then returned to the Sheraton Hotel at approximately 9 p.m. At approximately 10:30 [redacted] went to their cars which were parked on the corner of 18th Street and John F. Kennedy Boulevard. As they were coming to their car, approximately 15 men who were members of MM #12, [redacted] attacked the MMI members. [redacted] were knocked down. At the time of this incident, MALCOLM LITTLE was in the hotel lobby waiting for his followers to bring their cars.

MUSLIM MOSQUE, INC.

A detective of the Philadelphia Police Department was sitting outside in a police car and when he saw the disturbance, ran to the disturbance. When the police detective identified himself as he was running, members of MM #12 disbursed.

b7D [redacted] someone overheard MALCOLM LITTLE make a telephone call which was believed to be to his wife in New York City. MALCOLM told this person to lock all the doors, be careful, and have "those things" near the door. The person he was talking to was not to let anyone in the house until he, MALCOLM, came home.

b7D [redacted] the radio station was well guarded with a number of police officers carrying shotguns.

[redacted] that MALCOLM LITTLE left Philadelphia for New York City at 9 a.m. by Pennsylvania Railroad. [redacted] the actual incident occurred at Pennsylvania Boulevard at 10:35 p.m. when the group with MALCOLM LITTLE went to get their cars. The cars were parked a half a block away from the entrance to the Sheraton Hotel. [redacted] was in a police car outside the hotel. Two other police detectives were with MALCOLM inside the hotel. [redacted] as the followers of MALCOLM went to their car they were jumped by 10 to 15 men. When he saw what was happening, [redacted] jumped out of the car, identified himself as a police officer, and the group that jumped the followers of MALCOLM ran away from the area.

b7D [redacted] MALCOLM LITTLE was to appear at the Blue Horizon Auditorium on January 14, 1965, at 7 p.m. and that the organization had a option for the next three Thursdays for speeches by MALCOLM LITTLE. In addition to his appearing at the Blue Horizon, MALCOLM may appear on the Ed Harvey Show, an interview type program, WCAU, in the afternoon on January 14, 1965.

b7D [redacted] the Philadelphia Police Department had three detectives with MALCOLM LITTLE at all times during his visit to Philadelphia on December 29 and 30, 1964. In addition, there were a number of police at the radio station to avoid any possible attempt of attacking MALCOLM LITTLE.

(1)

NATION OF ISLAM formerly
referred to as e Muslim Cult
of Islam, aka M mmad's Temples
of Islam

In Janu 1957, a source advised Elijah Muhammad has described his organization on a onwide basis as the "Nation of Islam", (NOI) and "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

On May 8, 64 a second source advised Elijah Muhammad is the national leader of the NOI; M mmad's Temple of Islam No. 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, i he national headquarters of the NOI; and in mid-1960, Muhammad and other N officials, when referring to Muhammad's organization on a nationwide basis, co ed using either "Mosque" or "Temple" when mentioning one of "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

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In the past, officials and members of the NOI, including Muhammad, have refused to register under the provisions of the Selective Service Acts and have declared that members owe no allegiance to the United States.

On May 6, 1958 the first source advised Muhammad had, upon advice of legal counsel, tempered his personal statements and instructions to his ministers concerning the principles of his organization in order to avoid possible prosecution by the United States Government; however, he did not indicate any fundamental changes in the teachings of his organization.

On May 7, 1964 a third source advised Muhammad had, early in July, 1958, decided to de-emphasize the religious aspects of the teachings of Islam and to stress the economic benefits to be derived by those Negroes who joined the NOI. This policy change, according to Muhammad, would help him acquire additional followers and create more interest in his programs.

(1)

MUHAMMAD'S MOSQUE BER 12

Two sources advised on May 22, 196 that the organization of which ELIJAH MUHAMMAD is the national leader and founder, is known in Philadelphia, Pa., as Muhammad's Mosque Number 12 (MM #12). These sources advised that MM #12 was located at 4218-20 Lancaster Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.; but in September, 1963, moved to 2204 North Broad Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

The first meeting at 2204 North Broad Street was held on September 23, 1963.

A third source on May 22, 1964 advised the organization has been meeting in Philadelphia, Pa. since 1954.

(1)

FRUIT OF ISLAM

On May 8, 1964 a source advised that the Fruit of Islam (FOI) is a group within the Nation of Islam (NOI) composed of male members of the NOI. The purpose of the FOI is to protect officials and property of the NOI, assure compliance of members with NOI teachings and to prepare for the "War of Armageddon." Members of the FOI are required to participate in military drill and are afforded the opportunity to engage in judo training. The FOI is governed by a military system wherein the members are controlled by general orders similar to those issued by regular military organizations.

(1)

MUSLIM MOSQUE, INC.

The March 13, 1964 edition of "The New York Times", a daily newspaper published in New York, New York, contained an article on page 20 which indicated that MALCOLM X (LITTLE), former national official of the Nation of Islam (NOI) and Minister of NOI Mosque #7, New York, who broke with the NOI on March 8, 1964, publicly announced in New York City on March 12, 1964 that he had formed the Muslim Mosque, Inc. (MMI). The MMI, according to the article, would be a broadly based politically oriented black nationalist movement for Negroes only, financed by voluntary contributions. In this public statement MALCOLM X urged Negroes to abandon the doctrine of non-violence when it is necessary to defend themselves in the civil rights struggle, and he also suggested that Negroes form rifle clubs to protect their lives and property in times of emergencies in areas where the government is unable or unwilling to protect them.

Incorporation papers of the MMI filed on March 16, 1964 with the Business Section, Clerk of Courts, New York County, New York, New York, reflect that the MMI was incorporated under the Religious Corporation Law of the State of New York to work for the imparting of the Islamic Faith and Islamic Religion in accordance with "accepted Islamic principals." The principal place of worship to be located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York, New York.

During an appearance over KYW - Television, Cleveland, Ohio, on April 7, 1964 MALCOLM X stated that the MMI does not stand for integration, but for complete freedom, justice, and equality for Negroes. He stated that Islam was the religious philosophy of the MMI, while the political, economic and social philosophy was black nationalism.

On May 15, 1964 a confidential source advised that the headquarters of the MMI are located in Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 Seventh Avenue, New York City, where they were established on March 16, 1964.

//

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

January 19, 1965

Title: MUSLIM MOSQUE, INC.

Reference: Philadelphia memorandum dated and captioned as above.

b7D [redacted]

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1/19/65

AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-447689)

FROM: SAC, PHILADELPHIA (100-37972)

SUBJECT: MUSLIM MOSQUE, INC.
IS - MMI

Re Philadelphia airtel to Director 1/15/65.

[redacted] MALCOLM LITTLE would not be in Philadelphia on January 21, 1965, and in all probability LITTLE would not be in Philadelphia 2/28/65.

[redacted] that LITTLE was "going overseas" in the near future.

[redacted] LITTLE would not be in Philadelphia on 1/21/65 and that he would be in London, England, during the week of 1/25/65.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12/19/85 BY [redacted]

Bureau (RM)
[redacted] (MMI)
[redacted] (OAAU)
New York (RM)
- [redacted] (MMI)
- [redacted] (OAAU)
- [redacted] (MALCOLM LITTLE)
Philadelphia
- [redacted] (MMI)
- [redacted] (OAAU)

[redacted]

100-399321-
NOT RECORDED
JAN 26 1965

56 JAN 28 1965

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 1-28-65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

CONFIDENTIAL

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI [redacted]

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO [redacted]

SUBJECT: [redacted]

IS [redacted]

CARBON COPY APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED SLIP (S) OF 12/29/64 DATE 12/29/64

Re Chicago airtel and letterhead memorandum to the Director, cc's to Boston, Los Angeles, New York, Philadelphia and San Francisco, dated 12/22/64; Bureau letter to Chicago, cc's to Boston, Detroit, Los Angeles, New York, Omaha, Newark, Philadelphia and Springfield, dated 1/7/65.

8 - Bureau (Encls. 13) (RM)
(1 - 25-330971) (NOI)
(1 - 100-399321) (MALCOLM LITTLE)
(1 - 100-441765) (MMI)
(1 - 100-442235) (OAAU)
[redacted]
1 - Boston (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
1 - Los Angeles (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
6 - New York (Encls. 6) (Info) (RM)
(1 - 100-152759) (MMI)
(1 - 100-153358) (OAAU)
(1 - 105-8999) (MALCOLM LITTLE)
(1 - 105-7809) (NOI)
4 - Philadelphia (100-47620) (Encls. 4) (Info) (RM)
(1 - 100-) (INTERNATIONAL MUSLIM BROTHERHOOD)
[redacted]
1 - San Francisco (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
5 - Chicago
(1 - 100-35635) (NOI)
(1 - 100-41040) (MMI)
(1 - 100-41248) (OAAU)
[redacted]

Classified by [redacted]
Declassify on: OADR

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12/16/83 BY [redacted]

12/22/83 Classified by [redacted] Declassify on: OADR

Per Atlas 190-105361 190-5009-13 100-399321

NOT RECORDED 183 JAN 29 1965

[redacted] sck
(26)

1 ENCLOSURE

CONFIDENTIAL

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-399321

FEB 1 1965

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau, Boston, Los Angeles, New York, Philadelphia and San Francisco are 13, 1, 1, 0, 4 and 1, copies respectively of a letterhead memorandum pertaining to [redacted] b7D

[redacted] b1

CONFIDENTIAL

[redacted]

UACB Chicago is preparing a closing report [redacted]

[redacted]

MALCOLM LITTLE was scheduled to be in Chicago during the week end of 1/24/65, to receive an award from ACT, a civil rights group. MALCOLM did not appear, however. Information now available indicates ACT plans to give an award to MALCOLM in Chicago in mid March 1965.

[redacted]

CONFIDENTIAL

4-750 (Rev. 4-17-85)

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

5 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

☒ Deleted under exemption(s) (b)(1), (b)(7)(C) with no segregable material available for release to you.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.

☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

_____ Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

_____

_____

☐ For your information: _____

_____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
100-39932 1-Not Recorded pages 4 and enclosure pages 2-5

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X DELETED PAGE(S) X
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

FBI/DOJ

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Chicago, Illinois
January 29, 1965

CONFIDENTIAL [redacted]

AFRO-DESCENDANT UPLIFTMENT SOCIETY

The following organizations are characterized in later pages:

Muslim Mosque, Incorporated

Organization of Afro-American Unity

Nation of Islam

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED - FILING SLIP(S) OF DATE 12/29/83

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED - FILING SLIP(S) OF DATE 5/16/

12/29/83 Classified by 8269/TAE/WEB/dc Declassify on: OADR

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

6255 5-16-

[redacted]

CONFIDENTIAL

ENCLOSURE

100-[redacted]

MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED (MMI)

The March 13, 1964, edition of "The New York Times," a daily newspaper published in New York, New York, contained an article on page 20 which indicated that MALCOLM X (LITTLE), former national official of the Nation of Islam (NOI) who broke with the NOI on March 8, 1964, publicly announced in New York City on March 12, 1964, that he had formed the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI). The MMI, according to the article, would be a broadly based politically oriented black nationalist movement for Negroes only, financed by voluntary contributions. In this public statement MALCOLM X urged Negroes to abandon the doctrine of non-violence when it is necessary to defend themselves in the civil rights struggle, and he also suggested that Negroes form rifle clubs to protect their lives and property in time of emergencies in areas where the government is unable or unwilling to protect them.

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The May 23, 1964, edition of the "New York Amsterdam News," a weekly Negro newspaper published in New York City, contained an article by columnist JAMES BOOKER in which he indicated that he had heard that the visit by MALCOLM X with Muslim leaders during his African tour has changed him to become soft in his anti-white feelings and to become more religious.

On October 6, 1964, a confidential source advised that the MMI is apparently affiliated with the true orthodox Islamic Religion through its affiliation with the Islamic Foundation (of New York), 1 Riverside Drive, New York City. The only teachings of the MMI are on the Islamic Religion.

A second confidential source advised on October 20, 1964, that the headquarters of the MMI are located in Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 Seventh Avenue, New York, New York, where they were established on March 16, 1964. These headquarters are shared with the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU) which is also headed by MALCOLM X.

[redacted]

1. APPENDIX

CONFIDENTIAL

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY (OAAU)

On June 28, 1964, MALCOLM X LITTLE, founder and leader of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with himself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic OAAU aims read by MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" people of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as well as "our"brothers and sisters on the African continent. It is patterned after the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May, 1963.

A recording of the remarks of MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the OAAU is to eliminate differences between Negroes so they can work together for "human rights," while the initial objective is to "internationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Nations. LITTLE condemned the non-violent civil rights movement and claims that Negroes should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The OAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes of education, politics, culture, economics and social reform.

On August 19, 1964, a confidential source advised that the heqdquarters of the OAAU are located in MMI headquarters, Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 7th Avenue, New York City.

APPENDIX

[redacted]

CONFIDENTIAL

[redacted]

1. APPENDIX CONFIDENTIAL

NATION OF ISLAM, Formerly Referred to as the Muslim Cult of Islam, Aka. Muhammad's Temples of Islam

In January, 1957, a source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD has described his organization on a nationwide basis as the "Nation of Islam" and "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

On May 8, 1964, a second source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD is the national leader of the Nation of Islam (NOI); Muhammad's Temple of Islam No. 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, is the national headquarters of the NOI; and in mid-1960 MUHAMMAD and other NOI officials, when referring to MUHAMMAD's organization on a nationwide basis, commenced using either "Mosque" or "Temple" when mentioning one of "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

The NOI is an all-Negro organization which was originally organized in 1930 in Detroit, Michigan. MUHAMMAD claims to have been selected by Allah, the Supreme Being, to lead the so-called Negro race out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation in the United States. Members following MUHAMMAD's teachings and his interpretation of the "Koran" believe there is no such thing as a Negro; that the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "white devils," in the United States; and that the white race, because of its exploitation of the so-called Negroes, must and will be destroyed in the approaching "War of Armageddon."

In the past, officials and members of the NOI, including MUHAMMAD, have refused to register under the provisions of the Selective Service Acts and have declared that members owe no allegiance to the United States.

On May 5, 1958, the first source advised MUHAMMAD had, upon advice of legal counsel, tempered his personal statements and instructions to his ministers concerning the principles of his organization in order to avoid possible prosecution by the United States Government; however, he did not indicate any fundamental changes in the teachings of his organization.

CONFIDENTIAL

On May 7, 1964, a third source advised MUHAMMAD had, early in July, 1958, decided to de-emphasize the religious aspects of the teachings of Islam and to stress the economic benefits to be derived by those Negroes who joined the NOI. This policy change, according to MUHAMMAD, would help him acquire additional followers and create more interest in his programs.

[redacted]

CONFIDENTIAL

[redacted]

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DECLASSIFIED BY 8269JHE/LWB
ON 12/19/83

CONFIDENTIAL

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321) DATE: 1/28/65

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (105-8999)

SUBJECT: MALCOLM K. Little aka
IS-MMI

JACK ANDERSON, broadcasting on radio station WINS, NYC, for DREW PEARSON at 8:45 p.m., 1/24/65 made the following comment: "The Federal Bureau of Investigation: MALCOLM X. the American Black Nationalist Leader has been secretly contacting African Governments to strengthen the ties between African and American Negroes. He is also expected to be a star attraction at the coming Afro-Asian conference in Algiers where he likely will join in the propaganda attacks on his own country for its racial discrimination. Ironically some of the most strident anti-American voices will speak for countries that mistreat their own minorites."

b7D [redacted] alerted and Bureau will be immediately advised if pertinent information is developed.

cc 8 0 8 3

3- Bureau (100-399321) (RM)
(1-100-441765) (MMI)
1- New York (100-152759) (MMI)
1- NewYork (100-153309) (OAAU)
1- New York (105-8999)

JCS:mmh
(6)

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100-399321-213

REC-9

FEB 1 1965

SUBC. CONTROL b7C [redacted]

FEB 3 1965

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 100-441765-1

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan